

Chapter 1 : 15 women changing the world in | World Economic Forum

A Few Who Made a Difference: The World War II Teams of the Military Intelligence Service Hardcover - February 1, by.

I will not be afraid of ten thousands of people who have set themselves against me" Psa. He could count on his God to help in time of need. Instead of faith in faith, he had faith in Jehovah, who is the source of all power. It is God who arms me with strength. He makes my feet like the feet of deer, and sets me on my high places. Your right hand has held me up, Your gentleness has made me great" Psa. His God was able! He had never sponsored a losing cause. We can have this joyous exuberance and optimistic faith in serving God. Our efforts can count for something worthwhile. God needed someone to rise to the occasion and help stem the tide of moral decay. If I were alive back then, would I have stood in the gap? What good does it do to try? Embarrassed, you might resign yourself to failure. Others might be discouraged, swamped in a sea of apathy, worldliness, contention or pessimism among members of the church. You might think, "Why go on? What difference will it make? You probably feel just like the brother who had a seemingly good prospect suddenly lose interest in studying the Bible. As our heart sinks, we wonder, "How could they care so little for their soul? Sitting at home alone late Sunday night, he wonders, "Is something wrong with me? It all seems to make so little difference, no matter how hard I try. A "Faith Lift" "Look to Me, and be saved, all you ends of the earth! For I am God, and there is no other" Isa. Our mighty, awesome God is able to make a difference between defeat and victory. And you reign over all. In your hand is power and might; in Your hand it is to make great and to give strength to all" 1 Chron. Our God has the power if we have the faith, for we cannot out-believe the great I AM. Our faith increases as we increase the focus on the object of our faith. Such is the beginning point of all spiritual achievement Heb. Wonder of wonders, he is on our side Heb. With him there are no insignificant lives, no little people. He specializes in the people-changing business. He has not left us to struggle alone. He makes no mistakes, nor did he put us here to fail or wallow in self-pity. He took the dust of the ground, made Adam, and breathed into his nostrils the breath of life. The Son of God shows us the way of obedience, to become a new and better person day by day, "raised to walk in newness of life" Rom. We have vast potential, with the God-given power to think, to choose, to act and become all God designed us to be Eph. We sin and fall short of his glory when our faith fails Lk. Do we believe this? Within the will of God, what earthshattering things would we attempt for him if we really believed he would not fail us? Christians are never losers, but we are the super conquerors in life and eternity, led in triumph as we follow Jesus Rom. How You Can Start Making A Difference Read in the Bible about the daring lives of those who did not trust in themselves to do tremendous things, but had trusting faith in God to do his will through them. They were people like us, with problems and fears to face. But by faith, each one made a difference in his generation, amid a faithless world. They encourage us to carry on. Their mission is not complete. We stand at a unique time on the stage of human history with a once in a lifetime opportunity to act in the drama of human redemption and destiny. There are more people alive today than have ever existed in all of history. Each one will spend eternity somewhere. We can make a difference in the lives of the people around us. God is calling all Christians for an all-out attempt to work in the urgent harvest of souls Matt. Can the Lord count on you to develop yourself into a soul-winner? No greater issue faces us today. The eternal destiny of billions is at stake. Jesus talked to thousands of people to get to those who were willing to respond. So must we be going out to seek and save the lost Lk. For us to make a difference, we need to learn to tap the power of prayer, crying out, "Lord, teach us to pray" Lk. By ourselves, our puny efforts and plans will accomplish little. But on our knees, our prayers can enlist the greater power of Providence. Little faith produces little praying. Prayer makes a difference, as it brings down blessings, wisdom and opens the door for the word Mk. To build yourself up in the holy faith, commit yourself to regular, systematic Bible study. Who would go several days without eating? But how much more important that you feed your soul, which needs to be nourished for eternity? Knowledge breeds confident faith Rom. We need not be bogged down in excuses or defeated by circumstances. Today is as bright as the promises of God 2 Cor. We are his co-laborers, so we need to build an optimistic, constructive attitude that we can make a difference. God sees and knows the struggles we face. But he is on our side and he

is greater than any challenge we face. Keep your eye on the Lord, and by faith we can make a difference.

Chapter 2 : Make A Difference Quotes (quotes)

In this annual start of the new year edition, the Sun recounts some of the passings of , highlighting a few of the many who made a difference during their time on this Earth, and in this valley. The list below starts with two deaths that occurred the first week of January and proceeds chronologically.

About People who made a difference In this list, I have chosen people who have made a difference to the world in a positive way. They include people from the fields of politics, science, religion, humanitarianism and culture. Abraham Lincoln – Abraham Lincoln overcame many setbacks to become the most influential American President. In his famous Gettysburg speech, he inspired the nation with his noble words and helped to bring about the abolition of slavery. Benjamin Franklin – Great polymath and promoter of American ideals at home and for the country. A practical man of great dynamism and good character. Mikhail Gorbachev – Had the courage, tenacity and strength of character to give up the absolute power of Soviet Communism. Moved the Soviet Union to democracy and respect for human rights. Gorbachev enabled the Berlin Wall to come down giving freedom to Eastern Europe. Taught a message of love, forgiveness and faith. Born in a turbulent period of Roman rule, after his crucifixion, his message inspired millions around the world. He awakened the conscience of many of his fellow countryman and made slavery appear unacceptable. Nelson Mandela – Campaigned for justice and freedom in his country South Africa. Mandela, spent 27 years in jail for his opposition to apartheid. On release, he healed the wounds of apartheid by his magnanimous attitude to his former political enemies. As well as being a genius scientist, Einstein was also a champion of human rights and campaigned for a more peaceful world. Her discoveries with radiation helped advance medical science. Also, her achievements were even more remarkable at a time when few women were allowed the opportunity for higher education. Amongst other achievements, Jefferson passed one of the first bills on religious tolerance in his state of Virginia. Martin Luther King – Inspiring leader of the non-violent civil rights movement. Inspired millions of people, black and white, to aspire for a more equal society. William Shakespeare – Shakespeare remains the King of English literature. His plays and poetry captured the richness and diversity of human existence in a most powerful and poetic way. In many areas, he was a couple of centuries ahead of scientific discovery. Da Vinci helped make great advances in anatomy, astronomy, physics, science and others. He also painted the most iconic picture in history – the Mona Lisa. Muhammad Ali – Champion boxer and great character. Refused to fight in Vietnam war and became a champion of civil rights and African interests. When asked how he would like to be remembered, Ali said: Rosa Parks – Rosa Parks became a well-respected figurehead of the American civil rights movement. Rosa showed what ordinary people can do when they stick fast to their beliefs in testing conditions. Mother Teresa – Lived a life of poverty to try and ameliorate the conditions of others. Her devotion and compassion inspired the lives of many thousands she came into contact with. Mahatma Gandhi – Gandhi was the principle figurehead of the Indian independence movement. Gandhi followed a philosophy of non-violence and peaceful protest; he also sought to improve conditions for women and people disenfranchised by the caste system. Winston Churchill – In the worst moments of , the Nazi war machine looked invincible as it swept through Europe. After gaining realisation, the Buddha spent the remainder of his life travelling around India teaching a middle path of meditation and inner peace. Socrates – BC Socrates showed the power and integrity of independent thought. Socrates taught by encouraging people to honestly question their preconceptions. His method of self-enquiry laid the foundations of Western Philosophic thought. Jane Goodall – Groundbreaking researcher into the behaviour of chimpanzees. Goodall became a noted campaigner and activist for environmental protection and kindness to animals. Florence Nightingale – Florence Nightingale helped to revolutionise the treatment of patients after her experience of treating wounded soldiers in the Crimean war. Despite the most testing of conditions, Anne retained an optimistic spirit. Galileo – Scientist who helped make great strides in astronomy and helped promote a heliocentric view of the world, despite coming into conflict with the prevailing religious orthodoxy of the time. Swami Vivekananda – Vivekananda was an influential speaker at the World Parliament of Religions because he advocated religious

tolerance and religious unity. He also encouraged the education of women and inspired fellow Indians to take greater pride and belief in the best of Hindu culture. George Orwell – George Orwell was a democratic socialist who fought in the Spanish civil war on the side of the Republicans. He gave up his privileged education to spend time with the unemployed of the Great Depression. His greatest contribution was warning about the dangers of totalitarian regimes through Animal Farm and Harriet Tubman – Tubman escaped from slavery but returned on many dangerous missions to Maryland where she helped lead slaves to freedom. She also served as agent and leader during the Civil War. She became a symbol of the abolition movement. Helped to de-stigmatise diseases such as AIDS. Confucius – Influential Chinese philosopher who laid the groundwork for much of Chinese philosophy and society. Confucius taught principles of morality, reverence for ancestors and orderly conduct. Mozart – A musical genius whose compositions continue to give joy to millions of people. John Keats – Romantic Poet. Keats lived a short life, but the intensity of his poetry has left a deep and lasting legacy. Eleanor Roosevelt – A supporter of the rights of women and committed to the oppressed in society, Eleanor also helped to draft the UN Declaration of human rights. Woodrow Wilson – Woodrow Wilson had a vision for a League of Nations, a forum where nations could come together to solve disputes. His philosophy of non-violence and a return to rural simplicity inspired other politicians such as Gandhi. His teachings are immortalised in the Bhagavad Gita. Krishna taught a middle path of yoga, selfless action and devotional worship. Louis Pasteur – French scientist who found many important improvements in medical science, e. Billy Graham – American Christian evangelist. Graham preached the gospel of Jesus Christ to billions of people around the world in live mass meetings and on the tv and radio. He preached an inclusive philosophy, eschewing racial segregation making outreach to other faiths. Rumi – Muslim poet and Sufi mystic. His poetry about love and the deeper meaning of life have a universal appeal. Rumi has become one of the best-selling poets in the world. Darwin published his Origin of Species detailing a belief in evolution at a time when such a decision was very controversial. Akbar was known for his love of culture, music and philosophy, although he was also a great warrior. He introduced enlightened laws on religious tolerance in his kingdom and encouraged representatives of different religions to come to his court. Sophie Scholl – German student who took part in resistance to Hitler and the Nazi party. She helped distribute leaflets criticising the war and the Nazi ideology. Oprah Winfrey – US talk show host who became an important figurehead for women in America. Encouraged belief in self-improvement. Martin Luther – Martin Luther was the most influential figure in the Reformation of the sixteenth century. It was Luther who challenged the excesses of the Catholic church, leading to the Protestant movement and forcing the Catholic Church to reinvigorate itself. Edward Jenner – led pioneering work on the development of an inoculation against deadly smallpox. Opened up the way to more immunisations, arguably saving the lives of millions of people around the world. Sir Isaac Newton – One of the greatest scientists of all time. Isaac Newton led the foundation of modern physics with his development of theories on gravity and mechanics. St Francis of Assisi – Christian mystic who founded a new monastic order committed to the essence of the Christian gospels. Helped to popularise principles of Buddhism around the world. Pablo Picasso – Iconic twentieth-century artist, known for his commitment to peace. John Lennon – Iconic singer-songwriter. Member of the Beatles. Desmond Tutu – South African anti-apartheid campaigner. He sought to heal wounds after the end of apartheid through the Truth and Reconciliation committee. But, in the case of Michelangelo, his self-belief was well justified. His artistic output includes some of the greatest works of art ever produced: Jesse Owens was a modest hero who remained a great ambassador for the sport. R Ambedkar – Indian social reformer. Sri Chinmoy – An Indian spiritual teacher whose philosophy combined the mysticism of the East with the dynamism of the West. He founded the Sri Chinmoy Oneness-Home Peace Run, a worldwide relay run that promotes greater friendship and understanding. St Teresa of Avila – 16th Century Spanish mystic and poet. Helped revitalise religious life in Spain, despite the Inquisition and patriarchal nature of society.

Chapter 3 : Who are a few famous people who have made a difference in our world? | Yahoo Answers

People who made a difference. In this list, I have chosen people who have made a difference to the world in a positive way. They include people from the fields of politics, science, religion, humanitarianism and culture.

Fewer women run big companies than men named John. But change is happening, and not just in the conventional corridors of power. In fact, the nature of power in itself is changing, becoming less top-down, less institutional and less predictable. From an astronaut to an executive campaigning for gay rights at work, from scientists to social entrepreneurs, these women are challenging what is expected of their gender and changing the world around them for the better. A one-hour show hosted exclusively by women, Kalam Nawaem is credited with pushing social boundaries on Arab television, discussing controversial topics such as homosexuality, gender equality, sexual harassment and divorce. Currently head of directions and a partner in Glowork – a website for Saudi women to find employment – she is a committed advocate for gender equality. She has also championed projects and fundraising for refugees. Yet women still lag behind in income parity, opportunities for promotion and the ability to tap into government resources to balance home and work duties. I look forward to the day when all those issues are no longer topics of conversation, seminars and studies. Over the past four years, she has increasingly used her position to raise awareness of LGBT issues in business. We need men and women working together to eradicate workplace bias, creating flexibility in the workplace for men and women so both can share the burdens of home, providing clear opportunities for women to advance and sponsoring them to do so. The evidence is clear that promoting women produces higher GDP, improves productivity and business outcomes. She trained as an aeronautical engineer there and returned to Uganda after the fall of Amin. Democratic elections were hijacked, however, which led her to join a new struggle for liberation under the leadership of the current Ugandan president, Yoweri Museveni. She served 11 years in the Ugandan parliament, championing groundbreaking gender equality laws and multi-party democracy. The untapped potential of women across the world in every walk of life is a priority that requires our urgent attention. The fact is, women still bear the biggest burden of poverty and most people living in poverty are women. But to make gender equality happen, a concerted focus on legal reform and ending violence against women is needed, and though this is happening, more needs to be done and quickly for the benefit of all; women and men, girls and boys. The aim is to design first-rate medical equipment better suited to developing countries, then license it to for-profit distributors in those areas. Under her leadership, D-Rev has led the design and scaling in emerging markets of Brilliance, an affordable treatment for babies with jaundice, and the ReMotion prosthetic knee, now worn by over 5, amputees. She has been recognized by Fast Company as one of the 50 designers shaping the future, and the World Economic Forum as a Technology Pioneer. Too often this conversation is skewed by prioritization of corporate jobs over other sectors. If we want to build a better world, we need to build better equality and diversity in every sector. Where I see the biggest opportunity for growth is in redefining leadership and success. Jennifer Doudna, Professor of Chemistry and of Molecular and Cell Biology at the University of California, Berkeley Jennifer Doudna grew up in Hawaii and got her first taste of scientific research working in a lab with a family friend in the summer before college. The bug bit, and Doudna went on to become a molecular and cell biology professor at the University of California, Berkeley. In she and collaborator Emmanuelle Charpentier engineered a simple, inexpensive and broadly effective technology for changing or correcting DNA sequences within cells. Doudna was one of six scientists awarded the Breakthrough Prizes in Life Sciences, which honours transformative advances towards understanding living systems and extending human life. On a recent visit to a seventh-grade classroom, I was inspired by the eager faces of girls and boys who share a passion for the joy of discovery and the sleuthing that is science. I am working to foster a scientific community that welcomes all people to participate in the research endeavour. She is CEO and managing shareholder of the global nutrition company Omnilife. Investing in women and girls in Latin America can change the future of our region. Terry Jester, CEO of Silicor Materials Terry Jester, a year veteran of the solar industry, joined Silicor Materials in having been actively involved in the company as entrepreneur in residence at one of its financial backers, Hudson

Clean Energy. Silcor Materials is notable for having developed a new way of manufacturing solar silicon at roughly half the production cost of traditional methods. It produces the most environmentally friendly solar silicon in the industry, requiring up to two-thirds less energy than competing methods and using no hazardous chemicals. I grew up with five brothers who treated me as their equal. I think of it as freedom to make use of all the brainpower and emotional energy available and necessary for both men and women to give our best to whatever we do. Women tend to think more about the communal good, which is required for progress overall in the world. We need more of that thinking, plain and simple. Krithi Karanth, Conservation scientist with the Wildlife Conservation Society Krithi Karanth, a torchbearer for wildlife conservation in India, first tracked tigers at the age of eight. Research led her to realize that threats to wildlife often stemmed from conflict with people who suffered from losses of crops, livestock and property. As a result, she set about mapping and modelling such conflict zones across India. Now associate conservation scientist with Wildlife Conservation Society, she has led the use of science and technology to balance human-wildlife interactions in India. Wildlife science and conservation needs more women. Shannon May, Founder of Bridge International Academies As an anthropologist conducting research in rural China, Shannon May saw close-up how primary education was failing already impoverished families. The experience prompted her to research how children could be taught the skills they need to thrive, harnessing data and technology to make a replicable and affordable model of education. It has now expanded across Africa, educating over , pupils, and plans to reach 10 million children across a dozen countries by Little is being done with urgency to ensure that every girl has access to a classroom not just to sit, but to learn. Tolu Olubunmi, Co-founder of Welcome. She was born in Nigeria and brought to the US aged After graduating in chemical engineering, she found herself unable to work in her chosen profession due to complications with her immigration status. Rather than give up, she began volunteering her time advocating for the rights of young immigrants. She is a co-founder and former executive director of Welcome. During the height of the immigration reform debate in Congress, Olubunmi was invited by President Barack Obama to speak at the White House. In , she launched the online training and education company Rekindle Learning. She actively promotes the role of women in business as well as the potential of mobile technology to seed new business opportunities that provide much-needed jobs and crack socio-economic challenges. To build more resilient communities and societies, we must leverage the strengths and values of all people, men and women. As a result, she experienced first-hand the difficulties facing women in this region, from the lack of financial support to the fact that they are not treated as viable entrepreneurs. The Mann Deshi Mahila Bank is a micro-enterprise development bank working with low-income women, which provides business loans. She established a business school for rural women to provide training in entrepreneurial skills. Since , Sinha has been organizing women in rural areas of Maharashtra in the fight for land and property rights and she launched a community radio station, providing a platform for sharing information. Mann Deshi aspires to launch 1 million rural women entrepreneurs through partnerships with social enterprises and mainline financial institutions in India. If you want a successful social enterprise, tap into the talent of women. The organization builds web and mobile applications that amplify the voices of under-represented communities in the MENA region and beyond. Its projects include CrowdVoice. Mideast Youth also runs Ahwaa. We need to remove the barriers to entry for women in tech. Having seen Earth from that privileged vantage point, Sullivan now works to help people understand how dynamic our home planet is and use that information to help communities become more resilient to natural hazards and climate change. She left NASA in to take a series of high-level jobs, first as chief scientist at the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and now as head of the same organization. Now is the time to make it happen. Leila Takayama, Senior Researcher at Google[x] Specializing in human-robot interaction, Leila Takayama wants to make robots that are better able to integrate into the human world and perform useful roles at work and in homes. As research scientist at robotics company Willow Garage, she teamed up with an animator and sound designer at Pixar Studios to come up with gestures and emotive beeps and whirrs to make robots more approachable. Inventing a future we actually want to live in requires engaging the perspectives from women and men alike. Those diverse discussions lead to more informed and creative solutions.

Chapter 4 : How a little spare change can made a difference in people's lives

The Punjabi literature produced on both sides of the Punjab border since partition is surprisingly equally robust and of a matching and complementary high quality.

A wave of pessimism leads capable people to underestimate the power of their voice and the strength of their ideals. The truth is this: It is the initiatives of deeply caring people that provide the firmament for our democracy. Far too many people think not, and thus they sell themselves far too short. Take a sweeping look at history and you will discover that almost all movements that mattered started with just one or two people -- from the fight to abolish slavery, to the creations of the environmental, trade union, consumer protection and civil rights movements. One voice becomes two, and then ten, and then thousands. On February 11, , General Motors conceded to raising wages and labor standards and recognizing the UAW, a major win for unionization in the United States. But, as I often say, real change is easier than you think. The following twelve men and women maximized their power as citizens to improve the lives of millions of people in real, tangible ways. Let their stories serve as an inspiration to you in the coming year. Lois Gibbs lived with her family in the Love Canal neighborhood of Niagara Falls, NY when news of the toxic contamination beneath their feet made local headlines. Lois organized her neighbors into what was known as the Love Canal Homeowners Association. I first met Ralf at Oberlin College over 40 years ago where he was majoring in physics and moving about the campus in a wheelchair after a bicycle accident when he was in high school rendered him paraplegic. Recognizing a need for low-cost, sustainable and versatile wheelchairs, he started Whirlwind Wheelchair to teach people around the world how to manufacture their own wheelchairs in small shop facilities. Once described by the New York Times as "the splinter the [auto] industry cannot remove from its thumb" Clarence Ditlow is an engineer, lawyer and the Executive Director of the Center for Auto Safety. He has been responsible for car companies initiating millions of lifesaving recalls, and was instrumental in the passage of "lemon laws" in all 50 states, which compensate consumers for defective automobiles Al Fritsch. Using applied science and technology, Al Fritsch is a driving force for sustainability and maintaining a healthy planet. With her widely successful Story of Stuff project, Annie Leonard scoured the world for the stories that tell the tale of where our throwaway economy is leading us hint: Her imaginative 20 minute Story of Stuff film has been watched and shared online by millions, and was turned into a book, and an ongoing website. She is now the Executive Director of Greenpeace. William Barber walks with a cane but he is making big strides for justice and equality through his organizing of "Moral Mondays" protests, which first started in North Carolina. The protests started as a response to the "mean-spirited quadruple attack" on the most vulnerable members of our society. In the tradition of the Rev. Martin Luther King, Rev. Barber is fighting restrictions on voting and for improvements in labor laws. In addition to his work as a minister, Rev. For over 30 years, Michael Mariotte has been a leader in successful movements against nuclear power in the United States. As the President of the Nuclear Information and Resource Service NIRS , Michael has testified before Congress and spoken in countries around the world against the dangers of nuclear power and its radioactive byproducts. David is a tenacious advocate and tireless worker for justice who has launched several advocacy organizations and projects such as Progressive Networks, The American Constitution Society and Campus Progress. Nothing gives him greater joy than thwarting those with positions of power in our society who seek to profit from unjust practices. Most recently, Attorney Halperin has focused his considerable talents on exposing the predatory and deceptive practices of for-profit colleges. Wolfe and I started the Public Citizen Health Research Group in to promote good health-care policy and drug safety. Wolfe, through his Worst Pills, Best Pills books, newsletters and outreach via the Phil Donahue show, has exposed by brand names hundreds of ineffective drugs with harmful side effects which were removed from the marketplace. She was rightfully awarded the Presidential Medal of Freedom in , amongst many other awards and recognitions. Our country has more problems than it should tolerate and more solutions than it uses. Do you have information you want to share with HuffPost?

Chapter 5 : 12 People Who Made a Difference (and You Can Too!) | HuffPost

A Few Who Made a Difference: The World War II Teams of the Military Intelligence Service by Karl W. Abt and a great selection of similar Used, New and Collectible Books available now at www.nxgvision.com

Email Last Updated Aug 8, 7: That said, it does help if you believe it. They truly believe they can make a difference. Now, there are lots of ways to, as Steve Jobs said to the original Apple Macintosh design team, "make a dent in the universe. It happens all the time. The guy spawned an entire generation of software entrepreneurs and companies, from Marc Benioff of Salesforce. Just a handful can make a huge difference. When one person influences a few others, there are two major effects: A ripple effect that, over time, can actually impact thousands over generations. A broadening effect since one person influences many, like multiplying tree branches. Think about all the people you may have had an impact on in your life. Employees, coworkers, bosses, vendors, customers, family, friends. Lots and lots of people. You may have influenced dozens of others without even realizing it. Some of them were people I hardly knew but said something in passing that really resonated with me at that point in time. Well, it works in reverse, too. You have no idea how many people you can influence and help just by sharing your experiences and insights. Speaking of influence, one of the most influential, albeit polarizing, figures in history has to be Ayn Rand. Not that anybody really is special. Nevertheless, we can do great things, if only for a brief time. And most importantly, the impact of those actions - what we say and do - can reach far beyond our mortal selves.

Chapter 6 : People who made a difference | Biography Online

Now, if you understand the difference between a few and few, then the difference between a little and little is easy. The only difference is a little and little are used with uncountable nouns (e.g. sugar, money, stress).

Safir Rammah *The Dawn*: The lack of official patronage may be a factor in the Punjabi language taking a backseat in formal usage in Pakistani Punjab. However, it has not affected the love of the common Punjabi for his language, culture and way of life. This is evident from the large number of creative Punjabi writers and research scholars and the quality of the Punjabi literature they have produced in Pakistani Punjab. The following presents a few randomly chosen examples from the vast galaxy of Punjabi writers, scholars and others, who have played an important role in the development of various aspects of the post-partition modern Punjabi literature in both sides of the Punjab. Dr Faqir Mohammad Faqir Dr Faqir was a well known Punjabi poet before partition. He published his first collection of Punjabi poetry, *Sada-i-Faqir*, in and for a number of years recited his Punjabi poems in the annual gatherings of Anjuman Himayat-i-Islam in Lahore. The first formal meeting of a small group of writers to deliberate on the future of Punjabi in Pakistan was held at Dayal Singh College, Lahore in July Dr Faqir was assigned the task of bringing out a Punjabi magazine, which he started publishing under the title *Punjabi* in September That was followed by the first Punjabi Conference in Lyallpur Faisalabad in and the establishment of Punjabi Adabi Academy, with Dr Faqir as one of its active members. Dr Faqir was a persistent and persuasive activist for the promotion of Punjabi. With his encyclopaedic knowledge of the Punjabi language and literature and outstanding skills as a writer, research scholar and editor, he inspired a whole generation of Punjabi writers and pioneered the Punjabi literary movement in Pakistani Punjab. Muhammad Asif Khan Perhaps the best research scholar of the Punjabi language and literature, well versed in Hindi, Sanskrit, Pushto, Balochi, Sindhi, and even Japanese, Muhammad Asif Khan did more serious research work during his lifetime than would be possible to produce by a well-endowed large institution or a university department. He did manage a so-called institution, Punjabi Adabi Board, single-handedly, for the last 18 years of his life. Punjabi Adabi Board received a meagre government grant that was not enough to rent a proper office or hire a peon to assist him. He penned more than research articles that raised the bar for such academic scholarship in Punjabi for a long time to come. A huqqa, an occasional cup of tea that he made himself, an inquisitive mind and a burning desire to serve his language was all that he needed to work tirelessly for more than 50 years to provide a deeper understanding of Punjabi literature. Balwnat Gargi wrote Punjabi novels, a biography and sketches of contemporary writers, that established him as one of the best modern Punjabi prose writers, but far more important than his other prose writings was his life long work on the Punjabi play. Many of the plays that he wrote, produced and directed have now become modern classics. He had studied the Russian theatre and, during his stay in the United States, he directly learned from Elia Kazan, who was a genius of American theatre and cinema. At home, he travelled all across India to collect material for his celebrated book *Folk Theatre of India*, written after thorough investigation and study of traditional folk theatres in all parts of India and by interviewing hundreds of actors and dancers. This book earned him the Sahitya Akademy Award and a lasting international reputation. A special post of professor and director for the theatre was created for him at Punjab University, Chandigarh, where he established the department of Indian theatre on the campus. His passion and genius played a very important role in bringing the Punjabi theatre from its centuries old rustic traditions of folk plays to the modern theatre. Bhasha Preetam Singh Founder of the famous Navyug publishing house in , he dedicated himself to publishing the best of modern Punjabi literature. His contributions towards popularizing the modern Punjabi literature are widely recognized. The best known name in the Left and progressive movements in modern Punjabi literature, Pash followed an old Punjabi tradition of fighting against oppression and it was almost as if he was a reincarnation of one of the renowned Punjabi freedom fighters. He took the banner of the Naxalite movement to actively participate in radical politics that landed him in jail for a couple of years on a trumped up murder charge, and finally got him brutally murdered in broad daylight at the age of The intensity of his passion gave some of the best revolutionary poetry to modern Punjabi literature and an

alternative to the romantic poetry of Shiv Kumar Batalvi, whom he had admired as a teenager and then challenged by confronting him personally and in writing, creating a fascinating legend of the clash of two major schools of thoughts of Punjabi poetry. Najm Hussain Syed There is no Punjabi University in Pakistan, except perhaps the one he runs at 49 Jail Road, Lahore, where each Friday a few dedicated souls get together at his baithak to explore the intricacies of the Punjabi literature. Besides breaking new grounds in every genre of Punjabi literature on which he has authored more than 22 books of poetry, plays, criticism and expositions of Punjabi classics, Najm Hussain Syed has been leading a quiet, but highly effective, crusade to keep the Punjabi literary tradition alive. A large number of modern Pakistani Punjabi writers and poets have learned from him and are inspired by him directly or indirectly. It is Punjabi writers, poets and scholars like the few mentioned above and many more like them in India, Pakistan and abroad who have led the continued progress of the 1, year old Punjabi literary tradition to serve the needs of million Punjabis in the 21st century.

Chapter 7 : Can One Person Really Make a Difference? - CBS News

Get this from a library! A few who made a difference: the World War II teams of the Military Intelligence Service. [Karl W Abt] -- Abt recounts the activities of several military intelligence teams participating in the campaigns of Normandy, Northern France, the Ardennes, the Rhineland, and Central Europe during World War II.

Chapter 8 : Making A Difference Quotes (quotes)

"Few will have the greatness to bend history itself, but each of us can work to change a small portion of events. It is from numberless diverse acts of courage and belief that human history is shaped.

Chapter 9 : 53 Make A Difference Quotes - Inspirational Words of Wisdom

"A few of us plan to visit our friend in the hospital later today." [Some of us plan to visit our friend in the hospital later today.] "Few of us would rather be sick with a cold than go to work." [Only a small number of us would rather be sick with a cold than go to work.] "You can take a few of.