

Chapter 1 : Can We Guess What Region You Are From Based On Random Trivia Questions? | Playbuzz

At Regions, we strive to assist you and answer your questions in the most efficient way possible. Please see the following list of the most popular questions customers ask us. For a more comprehensive list of questions, visit our Frequently Asked Questions section.

Adult teams will be able to pick up any current member up to the max roster size as needed in order to play in a regular season Carolina Region tournament. Player Movement Forms do not need to be sent to the Region before a tournament if the move is only Temporary. Regional Championships Player Movements: Team Reps need to submit all Roster updates with a Club Player Movement Form to the Region Office at least one week before the scheduled Adult Regional Championships in order for the affected players to be eligible for the Regional Championships. Player movement either Temporary or Permanent in a club is restricted based on the policies outlined below. Temporary Club Movements do not have to be sent to the Region Office before the competition only permanent moves will be sent to the Region Office after the tournament with the rosters. The Carolina Region will use the current Standings of all teams as found at the Carolina Region Tournament System when processing all club movements per the policies below. If they are not on the official roster, then the Club should use a Club Movement Form to add that coach to a tournament roster the same as adding a temporary player. Players being moved to a team in a lower age group must meet the birthdate requirements for the age group they are being moved to. After a player has participated with another club team TWO times, the player shall be frozen to the roster of their original team unless a permanent roster move is reported to the Region Office. Players may participate with two teams on a given weekend provided: If the adult division is playing on a different day, then the junior player may move under the provisions of the Club Movement Policy. Once a permanent move is made, no other moves temporary or permanent are allowed for that player. Players registered as unaffiliated member of the club but not on a team must still appear on a Club Movement Form if desiring to play on a team within their club and are still limited by the restrictions above. Registered unaffiliated members in the Region not on any team must first join a club before they can play in a tournament. Teams may add a maximum of two 2 Club players not on their roster in any given tournament. Teams may add a maximum of one 1 player not on their roster from a higher ranking team in their club in any given tournament. Teams may add a maximum of two 2 players not on their roster from a higher ranking team in their club per season. Teams are limited to accepting up to two 2 permanent moves per season. If a permanent move is made with the intent to play in a Regional Championship Event, then ideally the player being moved should have played at least once with that team during the regular season under a normal player movement. The Region will hear petitions for extenuating circumstances. Clubs failing to comply with the reporting requirements will have the player movement privilege suspended. Report forms were included with the Registration packet and are available from the Region office and at the Forms page.

Chapter 2 : experimental chemistry - Hottest region of Bunsen flame - Chemistry Stack Exchange

Regions does not monitor the linked website and has no responsibility whatsoever for or control over the content, services or products provided on the linked website. The privacy policies and security at the linked website may differ from Regions' privacy and security policies and procedures.

History[edit] The Karelian question arose when Finland was forced to cede territories to the Soviet Union after the Winter War in the Moscow peace treaty in 1947. Most Finnish citizens were evacuated from the ceded areas. Most of them returned during the Continuation War and eventually were evacuated again in 1944. The Soviet Union insisted the ceded areas be completely evacuated in 10 days. The evacuees were partly compensated for their losses; farmers, for example, received land in proportion to their earlier holdings. Usually, the compensation was about one third of the original farm. Compensation for movable property was much less. The land used for these grants was confiscated by the state from municipalities and private owners. Evacuees from Muolaa moving towards Western Finland during winter. President Urho Kekkonen also tried to reacquire the territory, especially when the Soviet Union returned the peninsula of Porkkala to Finland in 1956. According to an article by the Finnish newspaper Helsingin Sanomat in August 1956, the Russian president Boris Yeltsin unofficially offered to sell ceded Karelia to Finland in 1992 but was declined. This price was set at 15 billion US dollars. Karjalan Liitto is an interest group of Karelian evacuees which hopes that Karelia will once again become part of Finland at some point, but does not openly demand it. Some smaller groups, such as ProKarelia, continue to campaign for the peaceful return of Karelia. There are some individual politicians who support the return of Karelia, such as MEP Ari Vatanen, and two candidates in the presidential election of 2012: Timo Soini and Arto Lahti. Other candidates have stated that Finland has signed a peace treaty and should not campaign for the return of what are now Russian-developed territories. In 2000, President Putin stated that such discussions may endanger Finnish-Russian relations, and in 2007 he said that "changing borders is not the best way to resolve problems", but that possible solutions would be "integration and cooperation". However, if Russia wants to discuss returning the ceded areas, Finland is ready for that. In Russia, people associate the word "Karelia" with the Republic of Karelia instead of Finnish Karelia, which makes conducting polls more difficult. Vyborg and the rest of the ceded Karelia outside the Republic of Karelia nowadays contain very few ethnic Finns, and is almost exclusively inhabited by people who moved there during the Soviet era and their descendants. A poll by Taloustutkimus was criticized by ProKarelia for asking leading questions, such as, "Do you support the return of Karelia, even if it would mean more tense relations or even war with Russia?" According to polls, older people ages 65 and up and young people support the idea more strongly than the generation of their parents 25-65 who grew up during the Cold War. Problems and arguments[edit] Price[edit] Blocks of flats built in the Soviet era in Svetogorsk Enso One of the main reasons for opposing the return is the fear of the costs it would bring. The standard of living on the Russian side of the border is much lower than on the Finnish side. The costs of bringing Karelia to the same level with the rest of Finland have been researched only by supporters of the idea. According to a survey conducted by ProKarelia, the area has natural advantages that, under Finnish rule, would make it a centre of trade with Russia and industry and thus bring economic growth fast enough to solve the entire problem. A picture from Sortavala. The area is inhabited mostly by people who moved there from Ukraine, Belarus and Russia, and their descendants. The fate of these people is a major issue in discussions of the return of Karelia to Finland. In 2000, there were about 100,000 Russians living in the region. If services for them in their own language were to be provided, Finland would need many more officials capable of speaking Russian.

Chapter 3 : USA - Specific Regions Trivia and Quizzes | Geography

Ask questions and get answers from people sharing their experience with Region.

Chapter 4 : 3 - Unit Questions - Regions of Georgia

DOWNLOAD PDF FROM REGION OF QUESTION

The EPA New England Quality Assurance (QA) Unit frequently responds to questions, clarifies QA terms and provides guidance to the public. Some frequently asked questions and our responses are below. The Quality Staff within the Office of Environmental Information at headquarters also provides.

Chapter 5 : Karelian question - Wikipedia

(Natural Regions) 1. High mean temperature, high relative humidity and heavy rainfall (well distributed all over the year) are the characteristic features of the (a) Monsoon region (b) Mediterranean.

Chapter 6 : Test your geography knowledge - Italy regions | Lizard Point

Texas is a huge state with four distinct regions. These questions will ask you about the characteristics of each region and will challenge you to determine which region various geographical.

Chapter 7 : Tournament System Frequently Asked Questions : Carolina Region Volleyball

The one-event memberships (both one-day and multi-day) are commonly used for tryouts and as an "emergency" player at a tournament. A member is limited to TWO one-event memberships per indoor season.

Chapter 8 : Test your geography knowledge - France regions | Lizard Point

Ask questions and get answers, help others and meet people sharing their experience with Region. 81 questions, 50 members.

Chapter 9 : Western Region Frequently Asked Questions

Snow across the Midwest; Extreme Fire Concerns for Southern California. A streak of light to moderate overrunning snow will impact the Midwest, from Kansas and Nebraska toward the Mid Mississippi Valley.