

Chapter 1 : Helping Verbs (grammar lesson)

Helping verbs, popularly known as auxiliary verbs, are words that occur in the sentence along with the main verb, to give a better idea of the tense of the sentence. Helping verbs enhance the quality and meaning of the sentence to a great extent.

The most common auxiliary verbs are have, be, and do. Does Sam write all his own reports? Terry is writing an e-mail to a client at the moment. Auxiliary verbs, also known as helping verbs, add functional or grammatical meaning to the clauses in which they appear. They perform their functions in several different ways: By expressing tense providing a time reference, i. Adds emphasis to a sentence Auxiliary verbs almost always appear together with a main verb, and though there are only a few of them, they are among the most frequently occurring verbs in the English language. How to Identify an Auxiliary Verb You probably know that every sentence has at least one verb in it. There are two main types of verbs. Action verbs are used to depict activities that are doable, and linking verbs are used to describe conditions. Both action verbs and linking verbs can accompany auxiliary verbs including the three main ones: This is one of the most common auxiliary verbs, but because it stands alone here, it is not functioning as an auxiliary verb. Jerry slammed the car door on his thumb. He is in horrible pain. Because it stands alone, it is not an auxiliary verb. At other times, an action or condition is ongoing, happening predictably, or occurring in relationship to another event or set of events. In these cases, single-word verbs like is are not accurately capable of describing what happened, so phrases that include auxiliary verbs are used instead. These can be made up of anywhere from two to four words. A main verb, also known as a base verb, indicates the kind of action or condition taking place. An auxiliary or helping verb accompanies the main verb and conveys other nuances that help the reader gain specific insight into the event that is taking place. Read the following sentences and explanations to gain greater insight into how auxiliary verbs work. Jerry caught his thumb in the car door as coffee spilled from his cup onto his favorite shirt. Jerry is always spilling things. Since Jerry is also accident prone, he should have been drinking coffee from a mug with a lid, which would not have spilled on his favorite shirt. In sentence one, caught and spilled, single-word verbs, describe quick, one-time actions of both Jerry and his messy coffee. This sentence does not contain an auxiliary verb. Since Jerry often has unfortunate accidents, is spilling communicates the frequency of his clumsy actions in sentence two. Three Common Auxiliary Verbs There are just three common auxiliary verbs: It is usually used to denote ownership, and it can also be used to discuss ability or describe appearance. You can see the difference in the sentences below: Jerry has a large coffee stain on his shirt. Jerry should have been more careful! When used as an auxiliary verb, do is always paired up with another verb to create a complete verb phrase. In some cases, it is used to add emphasis: It is also used in elliptical sentences, where the main verb is understood and is omitted as a result. When used as an auxiliary verb, be is always paired with another verb to create a complete verb phrase. It can be singular or plural, present or past. These are called modal auxiliary verbs , and they never change form. A complete list of modal auxiliary verbs follows:

Chapter 2 : Verb Definition, Types of Verbs, Verbs Examples List

An example of the use of a primary helping verb is the verb "is" in the sentence "She is watching a movie." In this sentence, "is" helps the main verb "watching". However "is" can function as a main verb, for example in the sentence "She is happy."

The kites are flying high in the sky. They are planning to go by train. We are going to win the match. You are writing so untidily! List of Example Sentences John and Sam are brothers. Joseph and we are neighbours. Anne and Sue are enjoying the play. Sharon and Jenny are competing for the gold medal. Lee are planning to visit New Zealand. Subject-Verb Agreement It is very important to take care of the subject and verb agreement while framing a sentence. It is very important that a verb must be compatible and agree with its subject to make a correct and valid sentence. Let us understand with the help of an example. Phil is playing with a ball. Phil are playing with a ball. Incorrect X In the first sentence, the subject Phil is singular, so we need a singular verb is playing. The sentence is correct. In the second sentence, the subject Phil is singular, but the verb is plural are playing. The sentence is incorrect. Rules of Subject-Verb Agreement Rule 1 "Subject-Verb agreement with a singular noun If the subject is a singular noun or a pronoun he, I, she, it , we must ensure that we use a singular verb to write a correct sentence. List of Example Sentences She is playing the guitar. The postman is asking for your signature. Does he know the minister well? She is cheering the team. The moon revolves round the earth. Rule 2 "Subject-Verb agreement with plural noun If the subject is plural we, they, those, you , we need a plural verb to write a correct sentence. List of Example Sentences The boys were dancing in the corridor. The children are playing in the garden. The students were writing their exam. Two of our girls have won the quiz. We have finished our homework. Both the boys have worked hard. Philip and Luke are swimming. The teachers are correcting the answer sheets. Farmers work in the fields. Rule 3 "Subject-Verb agreement with collective nouns The collective nouns are considered as singular. We use singular verbs with them. List of Example Sentences The crowd was very noisy. Our team has to win the match. The audience is having a gala time. The band is playing the school song. The choir is singing beautifully. My family is from Poland. Our cricket team is the best in the whole town. A bouquet of flowers was presented to the chief guest. List of Example Sentences Neither he nor I am guilty. Neither Bob nor his friends want the party. Either you or your sister is telling a lie. Either Nancy or Mary is typing the letter. Neither Julia nor her parents know the way to the passport office. List of Example Sentences Everybody is liking the new car. Someone is calling for you. Nobody is allowed to enter that room. Ola, the new History teacher. One of the passengers was asking for tomato soup. Somebody is knocking at the door. Rule 6 We use singular verbs for uncountable nouns. List of Example Sentences There is sufficient food in the refrigerator. Cold weather is a problem in this part of the country. Sugar is yet to get over in the container. Salt is obtained from sea water. Milk with cornflakes is one of my favourite breakfast options. Rule 7 A plural noun takes a singular verb when it is a name such as Paris, China, Arabian Nights, and so on. China is the most densely populated country. Norway is a very cold country. Types of Action Verbs.

Chapter 3 : Helping Verbs List and Linking Verbs List – Venn Diagram | Teaching Writing Fast and Effective

Helping verbs are verbs that help the main verb in a sentence by extending its meaning. They can also add detail to how time is conveyed in a sentence. As a result, helping verbs are used to create the most complicated verb tenses in English: the progressive and the perfect aspects.

Be, do, and have are the most common helping verbs. You will see them in these forms: The modal auxiliary verbs are can, could, may, might, must, ought to, shall, should, will, and would. These never change their forms. Examples of Helping Verbs Here are some examples of helping verbs expressing tense main verbs in bold: She **has been writing** since breakfast. They **were waiting** for a bus with a good-looking driver. Johnathan **will have sung** by then. Here are some examples of helping verbs expressing voice: Your dinner **has been given** to the dog. The phone **will be connected** tomorrow. Here are some examples of helping verbs being used to express mood: If she **should arrive**, ask her to stand at the back. If he **were to arrive** in the next hour, they would still take the bet. Helping Verbs and Verb Phrases A verb phrase is made up of the helping verb s and the main verb. In the examples below, the verb phrase is shaded with main verb in bold: They **have been drinking** since breakfast. Lee **is fishing** for mackerel. Be aware that any adverbs which appear alongside or inside the verb phrase are not part of the verb phrase. They **have been drinking heavily** since breakfast. The adverb heavily is not part of the verb phrase. Lee **is definitely fishing** for mackerel. The adverb definitely is not part of the verb phrase.

Chapter 4 : What is a Helping Verb? Definition, Examples of Auxiliary Verbs - Writing Explained

Helping verbs are verbs that come before the main verb, or the verb describing the action of the sentence. Helping verbs do just what they sound like - they help verbs by making them complete.

A linking verb connects the subject with a word that gives information about the subject, such as a condition or relationship. They do not show any action; they simply link the subject with the rest of the sentence. For example, in the sentence "They are a problem," the word "are" is the linking verb that connects "they" and "problem" to show the relationship between the two words. The most common linking verbs are forms of the verb to be: **Linking Verb Examples** Here are some examples of linking verbs used in sentences with the linking verbs in bold: William **is** excited about his promotion. She **appears** upset about the announcement. The eggs **smell** rotten. He **went** red after tripping on the rug. Your plans for the wedding **sound** nice. You **look** exhausted after studying all night. I **am** putty in his hands. Maria **might** have been more forthcoming with the news. Tom **acted** nervous when the teacher found the note. The audience **fell** silent when the conductor walked on stage. Dreams **come** true when we believe in them. The crowd **stayed** calm in spite of the imminent threat. All the children **seem** satisfied with the bouncy castle. Bob **felt** sleepy after eating the whole pizza. The cinnamon rolls **taste** heavenly. Building the house **proves** difficult for them. Anthony **has** been a dream the last few weeks. The spectators **remained** silent after the injury on the field. He **became** suspicious when he saw the safe was open. All the kittens **were** playful. The theater **gets** dark when the show is about to begin. Some couples **are** lucky enough to grow old together. I **feel** worthy when the boss compliments me. The weather **was** accommodating and the party continued. The embers **turn** ashy as they cool. You **are** bring very foolish to believe her. Mary **waxed** nostalgic on her 50th birthday. Sometimes, kids **act** foolish. We **are** dismayed about the foreclosure. The tests **indicate** that your child is gifted. Martin **is** fond of spicy food. Jumping into a pond **could** be dangerous. Most children **get** cranky when they are sleepy. After the snowstorm, the roads **were** slippery. A flaw in the design **appeared** to be the cause of the collapse. The vegetables in the bin **looked** disgusting and spoiled. They **shall** be happy ever after. Riding in a car **will** be safer with a seat belt. The police department **is** getting tough on crime. She **remains** faithful, even though it has been two years since he left. To download and keep a list of common linking verbs, click on the image on the right. To learn more about this type of verb and its usage, read the informative article [Linking Verbs](#). YourDictionary definition and usage example.

Chapter 5 : List of Helping Verbs - Meaning, Purpose, and Examples

You'll find an action verbs list, list of linking verbs, and an irregular verbs list below. Learn these words to develop your English-speaking skills. To make comprehension easier, there are even example sentences using words from the list of irregular verbs.

Helping verbs auxiliary verbs do just what their name implies. What is a verb phrase? Sometimes, these verbs are separated by other words. When we ask questions, the auxiliary verb often comes at the beginning of the sentence and the main verb comes later. Verb Phrases Act as Verbs This seems obvious, right? They are made up of verbs, so what else would they be acting as? They make the relationships between words, phrases, and clauses visual. Verb phrases are diagrammed on horizontal lines right after the subject. I have been singing. She must have jumped across the stream. Do you want to learn more and test yourself? Check out this introductory lesson on diagramming! This is a common mistake. Would of, could of, and should of are incorrect. Are These Phrasal Verbs? Click here to learn about phrasal verbs. If you want to teach or learn grammar the easy way, follow our step-by-step program that clearly lays everything out and allows you to move at your own pace. Just watch the videos and complete your assignments. Other Helpful Resources This worksheet gives you three pages of exercises. Her lessons are guaranteed to give you more confidence in your communication skills and make you smile.

Chapter 6 : Helping Verb - Examples and Definition of Helping Verb

In English grammar, a helping verb is a verb that comes before the main verb (or lexical verb) in a sentence. Together the helping verb and the main verb form a verb phrase. (A helping verb is also known as an auxiliary verb.).

Sentence diagramming is a way to visually show how all of the words in the sentence are related to each other. All verbs are diagrammed on a horizontal line after the subject. A vertical line separates the subject from the verb, and the rest of the sentence depends on the type of verb you are diagramming. Certain action verbs called transitive active verbs transfer action to something called a direct object. Joe kicked the ball. Jim ate the cake. Kicked and ate are transitive active verbs. Ball and cake are direct objects. This type of action verb transfers its action to the subject. My car was stolen. The house was demolished. Intransitive Complete I screamed. This type of action verb does not transfer action to anyone or anything. It is diagrammed in the same way that a transitive passive verb is diagrammed. List of Verbs Linking Verbs You can call these either linking verbs or intransitive linking verbs. They link the subject of a sentence with a noun or adjective. If you count all of the forms of to be as one word, there are 13 linking verbs. Forms of be be, am, is, are, was, were, been, being Other Linking Verbs appear, become, feel, grow, look, seem, remain, smell, sound, stay, taste, turn Lana became a famous equestrian. Became is a linking verb. It is linking the subject Lana with the noun equestrian. When you diagram intransitive linking verbs, you can see that they link the subject of the sentence with a noun or an adjective. Would you like to download this list of words?

Chapter 7 : What is a Helping Verb? Helping Verb Examples and Definition - K12reader

Examples of linking verbs include: to be, to become, and to seem. These three examples are always linking verbs. These three examples are always linking verbs. In addition, you have the verbs: to appear, to feel, to look, to smell, to sound, and to taste.

Search Helping Verbs In most cases, the words in sentences need a little help in order to make the intended meaning crystal clear. Verbs are no exceptions. Luckily, there are helping verbs to stand up and do just that. What are helping verbs? Just as the name implies, helping verbs, sometimes called auxiliary verbs, help out the main verb in a sentence. They accomplish this by giving more detail to how time is portrayed in a sentence. For this reason, they are used in [verb conjugation] to show the progressive and the perfect tenses of verbs. Their sole purpose to help the main verb, which provides the real meaning. Helping verbs help explain the sometimes complicated nuances of meaning. For example, they can show expectation, probability, obligation, potential, and directions. The examples to follow will make things more clear. They all fall into one of two groups: Primary helping verbs The primary helping verbs are be, do, and have. Here are some examples of the primary verbs being used as helping verbs. And here are a few used in sentences: Katy is watching television. The other children were playing outside this example shows the past continuous tense 2. The helping verb have is used to make perfect tenses. The perfect tense shows action that is already completed. I have finished washing the dishes. Dish washing is complete! I do not care for broccoli. Do you like broccoli? I do you want you to eat your broccoli. To stand for a main verb: Sam like broccoli more than Carmen does. They help express possibility or necessity. Here are the modal verbs: You could try using a stepladder. The bus may arrive on time this morning. It might be full of rowdy passengers, though. Will Katy ride with James to soccer practice? Would she prefer to ride with Emily instead? Shall I set the table now? You should wait a little longer. You really must see a doctor about that nasty cut. A few points to remember about helping verbs. Not every sentence has or needs a helping verb. Sometimes other words separate the helping verb and main verb in the sentence.

Chapter 8 : Examples of Linking Verbs

A sentence may either have a main verb, a helping verb or both. In other words, a verb is a word that informs about an action, an existence of something or an occurrence. The verb is the main word in a sentence.

Yell Examples of Action Verbs in Sentences The following are examples of how action verbs are used in sentences, keep in mind that you can use more than one action verb in a sentence. The action verb is underlined in each sentence. Anthony is throwing the football. She accepted the job offer. He thought about his stupid mistake in the test. John visited his friend for a while and then went home. The dog ran across the yard. She left in a hurry. She yelled when she hit her toe. The cat sat by the window. I will learn to play the guitar this year. He hit a home run at the last game. In the summer, we will swim in our pool. Will you help me with the laundry? He rode his new bike around the block for hours. The horse trotted along the trail. We ate dinner then walked around the park. Did you fix the mistake in your homework? She waited for her friend at the mall. She lay down on the couch and slept there all night. The bird sings a cheery song every morning. The teacher reads a book to her students then asks them questions about the story. The roof on the house leaks. The lightning struck the tree. They bought a new house. **Action Verb Tenses** What separates action verbs from non-action verbs stative verbs is that they can be used in continuous tenses, meaning they have a present, past and future tense. The following are examples: I eat when I am hungry. She ate dinner last night at six. We will eat lunch tomorrow at noon. We swim when it is hot outside. Last week, we swam in the pool. We will be swimming at the lake next month. The baby sleeps in the nursery. She slept all night. We will be sleeping in tents at summer camp. The kids play basketball at recess. We played the last game on Monday. The girls will be playing at the park this weekend. **The Importance of Action Verbs** Action verbs are used to deliver important information in a sentence, and add impact and purpose. These verbs play a vital role in grammar and signals to the reader what action the subject is performing in the sentence. YourDictionary definition and usage example.

Chapter 9 : Action Verb Examples

A helping verb (which is also known as an auxiliary verb) sits before a main verb to help express the main verb's mood, tense, or voice. Be, do, and have are the most common helping verbs. You will see them in these forms.

But do you know there are three main categories? The different forms include linking verbs, action verbs, and helping verbs. Curious to know the difference between these three types? What is an Action Verb? In every sentence you have two main things. This is usually a noun or pronoun. Second, you have an action or state of being word. This word describes information about the subject. When the word describing the subject is an action verb, the reader or listener understands what action the subject takes. By increasing the number of action verbs you use in conversation, you can accurately describe to your listeners what a subject is doing. A few action verb examples include walk, skip, and jog. What is an Action Verb?: Defining the Transitive A transitive action verb describes an action taken. However, this type of verb also affects a direct object. The direct object can be another noun or pronoun. Additionally, this type of action verb can even affect a phrase or clause. See if you can identify the direct object in the next two examples. Stacy is washing her dirty dishes. Stacy the subject is washing the verb her dirty dishes the direct object. Can you check whether the front door is locked? Did you accurately locate the subject, direct object, and action word? If you need more help with the transitive form, click site. Defining the Intransitive Whereas a transitive word requires a direct object, an intransitive word does not. Thus, it does not act upon a direct object. Here are some examples: This action only impacts the subject, who cries continuously. Stacy always arrives to work ten minutes late. The verb arrives is followed by the location work. In this case, work is a preposition of place and not a direct object. An Action Verb Definition Considering that there are two ways to describe action, a good definition is that action words describe what a subject does. These words can even explain the impact the action has on the subject itself, or the impact it has on a direct object. Resume action verbs help describe previous work experience and show off your accomplishments without using the same words repeatedly.