

Chapter 1 : List of federal agencies in the United States - Wikipedia

Request assistance from a benefits advisor - we have a staff of trained advisors ready to help. Questions about Potential Retirement Benefits? FAQs about a notice from the Social Security Administration as a reminder about private employer retirement benefits that you have earned in private retirement plans that you participated in while you.

How do I change my visa status? If you are already in the United States, this question is best answered by U. How do I get a green card? For information on how to obtain a Green Card, which is granted to permanent immigrants, please visit the following website: How do I return the remains of a deceased person back to the U. If you would like to request a copy of a Consular Report of Death Abroad, please click on the following link: For information on returning the remains of a deceased U. How do I submit a request for the correction of information publicly disseminated by the State Department to be considered under the Quality Act Guidelines? The individual whose birth is recorded on the document if age 18 or older A parent for minors under age 18 or legal guardian An authorized government agency, or A person with written authorization For more information, please visit: I have questions about immigrating to the U. Same-sex spouses of U. Consular officers at U. For more information, please click on the following link: I have questions about voting while living abroad. Where can I find answers? It describes the efforts of key countries to attack all aspects of the international drug trade in Calendar Year Volume I covers drug and chemical control activities. Volume II covers money laundering and financial crimes. To obtain the full text of the report, please visit. Is there any current information on U. The breadth and diversity of partners supporting the coalition demonstrate the global and unified nature of this endeavor. For the list of partners and additional information on this topic, please visit our website: Is there current information on U. The Fact Sheet on "U. Relations with Cuba" can be found here: TRIA created a temporary federal program that provides for a transparent system of shared public and private compensation for certain insured losses resulting from a certified act of terror. The Treasury Department administers the program. What are the duties of the Secretary of State? The primary goal of the Secretary of State and the U. For more information on the duties of the Secretary of State, please click on the following link: What are the guidelines on international travel with pets? If you decide to take your pet with you when you go abroad, you should check with the embassies of the destination countries as to specific requirements that must be met before a pet may be brought into the country. Many countries have strict health, quarantine, agriculture, wildlife, and customs requirements and prohibitions. A listing of foreign embassies and consulates in the U. Foreign embassy and consulate contact information can also be found on the Country Specific Information for each country. Please click on the following link for more information: In a crisis in which chartered or military aircraft or ships are used to evacuate Americans from a danger area, pets will not normally be permitted on the carrier. The pet owner will need to make other arrangements in order to remove the pet from the area. Service animals, such as guide dogs, are not considered pets and will be accommodated if possible. What can I do if I suspect possible cases of fraud, scams; or have received an illegitimate email? The Consular Affairs Bureau receives daily calls about international scams involving internet dating, inheritance, work permits, overpayment, and money-laundering. Many scams are initiated through the internet; victims range in age from 18 to 81 and come from all socio-economic backgrounds. Please visit the following website for more information and how to protect yourself from scams: What can I do to help people affected by the crisis in Syria? The best way to help those affected by a disaster overseas is to make a monetary donation to a reputable humanitarian organization working in the region. What cultural exchange opportunities does the State Department offer? What documents are needed for a minor traveling alone? They may, however, require a notarized written consent letter from both parents. A list of embassies can be found here: Additional information on children traveling under the age of 18 can be found on the U. What documents do I need to travel to Canada? What documents do I need to travel to Mexico? For the latest entry requirements, please visit U. What if I have an emergency while traveling abroad? If you are a U. While overseas, you may also call the Office of Overseas Citizens Services at during business hours. During non-business hours, please call and ask for the duty officer. From within the U. Visit the following page to

find contact information for embassies and consulates abroad:

Chapter 2 : EBSA | United States Department of Labor

The E-Laws Federal Contractor Compliance Advisor helps federal contractors and subcontractors understand basic coverage and compliance information on equal employment opportunity laws and regulations enforced by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP).

Washington, DC or an authorized representative. All matters regarding labor relations shall be handled in accordance with agency procedures. To the extent practicable, agencies should ensure that the parties to the dispute use all available methods for resolving the dispute, including the services of the National Labor Relations Board, Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, the National Mediation Board and other appropriate Federal, State, local, or private agencies. This shall only be done, however, if the attempt to obtain voluntary agreement does not involve the agency in the merits of the dispute and only after consultation with the agency responsible for conciliation, mediation, arbitration, or other related action. For a discussion of allowable costs resulting from labor-management agreements, see Contracting officers shall impress upon contractors that each contractor shall be held accountable for reasonably avoidable delays. Standard contract clauses dealing with default, excusable delays, etc. A delay caused by a strike that the contractor or subcontractor could not reasonably prevent can be excused; however, it cannot be excused beyond the point at which a reasonably diligent contractor or subcontractor could have acted to end the strike by actions such as --

- 1 Filing a charge with the National Labor Relations Board to permit the Board to seek injunctive relief in court;
- 2 Using other available Government procedures; and
- 3 Using private boards or organizations to settle disputes.

Certain costs may increase because of strikes; e. Other costs incurred during a strike may not fluctuate e. The office administering the contract shall report, in accordance with agency procedures, any potential or actual labor disputes that may interfere with performing any contracts under its cognizance. If a contract contains the clause at Agency procedures should allow for the following: Normally the determining factor is the critical needs of an agency program. Agencies shall cooperate, and encourage contractors to cooperate with Federal and State agencies responsible for enforcing labor requirements such as --

- a Safety;
- c Maximum hours and minimum wages;
- d Equal employment opportunity;
- e Child and convict labor;
- f Age discrimination;
- g Disabled and Vietnam veteran employment;
- h Employment of workers with disabilities; and
- i Eligibility for employment under United States immigration laws.

These requirements may be to staff new or expanding plant facilities, including requirements for workers in all occupations and skills from local labor market areas or through the Federal-State employment clearance system. In addition to providing recruitment assistance to contractors, cooperation with the local State Employment Service offices will further the national program of maintaining continuous assessment of manpower requirements and resources on a national and local basis. Department of Labor is responsible for the administration and enforcement of the Occupational Safety and Health Act. Outside the United States and its outlying areas, a workweek longer than 40 hours is considered normal if--

- 1 The workweek does not exceed the norm for the area, as determined by local custom, tradition, or law; and
- 2 The hours worked in excess of 40 in the workweek are not compensated at a premium rate of pay.

Contractors shall perform all contracts, so far as practicable, without using overtime, particularly as a regular employment practice, except when lower overall costs to the Government will result or when it is necessary to meet urgent program needs. Any approved overtime, extra-pay shifts, and multi-shifts should be scheduled to achieve these objectives. Approval of the use of overtime may be granted by an agency approving official after determining in writing that overtime is necessary to --

- 1 Meet essential delivery or performance schedules;
- 2 Make up for delays beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the contractor; or
- 3 Eliminate foreseeable extended production bottlenecks that cannot be eliminated in any other way.

That office will review the request and if it approves, send the request to the contracting officer. Only overtime premiums for work in those departments, sections, etc. Meaningful employment serves to develop those skills. It is also true, however, that care must be exercised to avoid either the exploitation of convict labor or any unfair competition between convict labor and free labor in the production of goods and services. Insert the clause at Virgin Islands; unless --

- a The contract will be subject to 41 U. This subpart prescribes

policies and procedures for applying the requirements of 40 U. Chapter 37, Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards the statute to contracts that may require or involve laborers or mechanics. The contracting officer must assess liquidated damages at the rate specified at 29 CFR 5. The procedures and reports required for construction contracts in Subpart Labor relations requirements prescribed in other subparts of Part 22 may also apply. Persons employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, or professional capacity as defined in 29 CFR Part are not deemed to be laborers or mechanics. The physical place or places where the construction called for in the contract will remain when work on it is completed; and ii The secondary site of the work, if any. Any other site where a significant portion of the building or work is constructed, provided that such site isâ€” A Located in the United States; and B Established specifically for the performance of the contract or project; 2 Except as provided in paragraph 3 of this definition, includes fabrication plants, mobile factories, batch plants, borrow pits, job headquarters, tool yards, etc. In addition, fabrication plants, batch plants, borrow pits, job headquarters, yards, etc. The fringe benefits enumerated in the Construction Wage Rate Requirements statute include medical or hospital care, pensions on retirement or death, compensation for injuries or illness resulting from occupational activity, or insurance to provide any of the foregoing; unemployment benefits; life insurance, disability insurance, sickness insurance, or accident insurance; vacation or holiday pay; defraying costs of apprenticeship or other similar programs; or other bona fide fringe benefits. Fringe benefits do not include benefits required by other Federal, State, or local law. However, if the employees go to the site of the work and perform construction activities there, the requirements of this subpart are applicable for the actual time so spent, not including travel unless the employees transport materials or supplies to or from the site of the work. The Copeland Act also requires each contractor and subcontractor to furnish weekly a statement of compliance with respect to the wages paid each employee during the preceding week. Contracts subject to the Copeland Act shall contain a clause see Executive Order establishes minimum wages for certain workers. The wage rate is subject to annual increases by an amount determined by the Secretary of Labor. The clause at Executive Order establishes paid sick leave for employees of certain Federal contractors. Those standards and procedures applicable to contracts involving construction are implemented in this subpart. The Department of Labor is responsible for issuing wage determinations reflecting prevailing wages, including fringe benefits. The wage determinations apply only to those laborers and mechanics employed by a contractor upon the site of the work including drivers who transport to or from the site materials and equipment used in the course of contract operations. Determinations are issued for different types of construction, such as building, heavy, highway, and residential referred to as rate schedules , and apply only to the types of construction designated in the determination. General wage determinations contain no expiration date and remain valid until modified, superseded, or canceled by the Department of Labor. Once incorporated in a contract, a general wage determination normally remains effective for the life of the contract, unless the contracting officer exercises an option to extend the term of the contract see These determinations shall be used whenever possible. General wage determinations are effective on the publication date of the wage determination or upon receipt of the wage determination by the contracting agency, whichever occurs first. Contracting officers may not use an archived wage determination in a contract action without obtaining prior approval of the Department of Labor. Subscriptions may be obtained by contacting: Superintendent of Documents U. The States covered by each volume are as follows: Volume I -- East.

Chapter 3 : Mission of the USTR | United States Trade Representative

The Child Labor Rules Advisor answers questions about the FLSA's youth employment provisions, including at what age young people can work and the jobs they can perform. The Section 14(c) Advisor helps users understand the special minimum wage requirements for workers with disabilities.

The United States is party to numerous trade agreements with other countries, and is participating in negotiations for new trade agreements with a number of countries and regions of the world. The Office of the U. Through an interagency structure, USTR coordinates trade policy, resolves disagreements, and frames issues for presidential decision. Our expertise USTR provides trade policy leadership and negotiating expertise in its major areas of responsibility, including: Bilateral, regional and multilateral trade and investment issues Expansion of market access for American goods and services International commodity agreements Negotiations affecting U. These groups, administered and chaired by USTR and composed of 19 Federal agencies and offices, make up the sub-cabinet level mechanism for developing and coordinating U. Government positions on international trade and trade-related investment issues. The TPSC is the primary operating group, with representation at the senior civil service level. Supporting the TPSC are more than 90 subcommittees responsible for specialized areas and several task forces that work on particular issues. The final tier of the interagency trade policy mechanism is the National Economic Council NEC , chaired by the president. Outside advisors The U. Congress established the private sector advisory committee system in to ensure that U. Congress expanded and enhanced the role of this system in subsequent trade acts, most recently the Trade Act of The advisory committees provide information and advice with respect to U. The trade policy advisory committee system consists of 26 advisory committees, with a total membership of up approximately advisors. Recommendations for candidates for committee membership are collected from a number of sources including Members of Congress, associations and organizations, publications, and other individuals who have demonstrated an interest or expertise in U. Membership selection is based on qualifications, geography, and the needs of the specific committee. Members pay for their own travel and other related expenses, must obtain a security clearance. Under the Trade Act of , each advisory committee is required to prepare a report on proposed trade agreements for the Administration and Congress. The system is arranged in three tiers: The Trade Act requires that membership broadly represent key economic sectors affected by trade. The committee considers trade policy issues in the context of the overall national interest. The policy advisory committees are appointed by the USTR alone or in conjunction with other Cabinet officers. Each committee provides advice based upon the perspective of its specific area. The 22 sectoral, and technical advisory committees are organized in two areas: Each sectoral or technical committee represents a specific sector or commodity group such as textiles or dairy products and provides specific technical advice concerning the effect that trade policy decisions may have on its sector. Working with Congress Since its creation, USTR has worked hand-in-hand with Congress, including through frequent consultations with Members and staff of the House Committee on Ways and Means, Senate Committee on Finance the two Committees with principle responsibility for international trade issues , and by providing detailed briefings for other committees, Congressional leadership offices, caucuses, and individual Members of Congress. USTR has provided and will continue to provide briefings and information to all committees, caucuses, and Congressional offices that express an interest in trade issues. In addition to this consultation and briefing process, five Members from each Chamber are formally appointed under statute as official Congressional advisors on trade policy, and additional Members may be appointed as advisors on particular issues or negotiations. USTR officials and staff participate in hundreds of congressional conversations each year on subjects ranging from tariffs to transparency and insurance to investment. [Click Here](#) for a list of Congressional Committees regularly consulted on trade policy.

Chapter 4 : FLRA | U.S. Federal Labor Relations Authority

The Bureau of Labor Statistics is the principal fact-finding agency for the Federal Government in the broad field of labor economics and statistics.

Chapter 5 : U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA)

Promoting freedom and democracy and protecting human rights around the world are central to U.S. foreign policy. The values captured in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and in other global and regional commitments are consistent with the values upon which the United States was founded.

Chapter 6 : Bureau Of Labor Statistics (BLS)

DEFINITION of 'Department Of Labor (DOL)' The Department of Labor is a U.S. cabinet-level agency responsible for enforcing federal labor standards and promoting workers' wellbeing. Currently, the.

Chapter 7 : U.S. Department of State | Home Page

Find answers to questions on various labor topics by selecting a category below. The Federal Register and the Code of Federal Regulations are the official source for regulatory information published by DOL.

Chapter 8 : Abandoned Plan Search

Learn more about each state's labor laws from the Department of Labor. Find your state labor office. If you're a business owner, see the easy-to-use state labor law guides from the Small Business Administration.

Chapter 9 : FAR -- Part 22 Application of Labor Laws to Government Acquisitions

Directory of agency contact information. CyberCemetery, online document archive of defunct US Federal Agencies, maintained by the University of North Texas Libraries in partnership with the Federal Depository Library Program of the GPO.