

Chapter 1 : Psychedelic drug - Wikipedia

www.nxgvision.com provides A-Z Drug Facts for the professional. Wolters Kluwer Health is a leading provider of information for professionals and students in medicine, nursing, allied health, pharmacy and the pharmaceutical industry.

Methamphetamine - crystal, meth, or rock. Stimulant drugs that speed up certain chemicals in the brain. How Amphetamines are Used: Amphetamines can be swallowed, injected, smoked or inhaled snorted. The effects of amphetamines can last from four to eight hours. Sometimes a person may experience a hangover effect that can last up to three days. Health Effects of Using Amphetamines: It is safer not to use illegal drugs. For those who choose to use illegal drugs, the following should be remembered: As using illegal drugs can have harmful and unpredictable effects, a person may find themselves in a dangerous situation. If noticeably affected, they should not be left alone. If you suspect bad effects, call an ambulance immediately. The ambulance officers are there to help you. Be sure to describe what drug the person has taken. If the person is unconscious and you know first aid, place them in the recovery position and ensure the airway is clear. The police are not required to attend unless a death has occurred or the ambulance officers are threatened. It is safer not to use any drugs during pregnancy unless under medical supervision. These chemicals can affect the growth and development of the baby and cause miscarriage, premature birth and birth defects. Drugs affect people in different ways. Some people may become depressed, angry, aggressive, sleepy, unmotivated, paranoid, anxious or talkative. These reactions will affect how they relate to other people, such as friends, parents and siblings and may have negative effects on these relationships. Withdrawal symptoms may also be experienced if the drug is reduced or stopped. The amount used, how it is used and the strength and purity of the drug. Mixing drugs can also occur when a manufacturer combines different drugs to achieve a specific effect or to save money by mixing in cheaper chemicals. This can result in a person combining drugs unintentionally. Watershed acknowledges the traditional custodians of country and their continuing connection to land, culture and community. We pay our respects to elders past, present and future.

Chapter 2 : List of Commonly Used Illegal Drugs | Center on Addiction

Drug abuse is a very common problem in most countries so it seemed like a good topic for a list. This is a list of ten of the most abused drugs and the effects they have on people. Heroin is an opiate processed directly from the extracts of the opium poppy. It was originally created to help cure.

Some people suffer flashbacks after using this drug. It is possible to die from an overdose of ketamine. Ketamine can be injected, snorted or smoked. It is sometimes mixed with marijuana and smoked. Ketamine may be used as a date rape drug. It is tasteless and odorless. A person raped after being given ketamine may not even remember that it happened. Heavy use of ketamine can result in damage or even destruction of the bladder, resulting in severe pain during urination and need for surgical removal of the bladder. Ketamine is frequently stolen from veterinary clinics. Its use is highly restricted and illicit use is illegal. Rohypnol The generic name of Rohypnol is flunitrazepam. It is a type of benzodiazepine, the same class of drug as Xanax and Valium. This drug is ten times the strength of Valium. The drug is illegal in the US but is available over the counter in Mexico and by prescription in many other countries. It takes effect very quickly. Rohypnol is broken down and passed from the body quickly. Many people think this means that it cannot be detected on a drug test. This feature increases its popularity. In fact, it can be detected 72 hours later but some drug tests do not include a screen for this drug. When used for date rape, Rohypnol is usually slipped into an alcoholic drink. It has no taste or odor. It has recently been released in a new formulation intended to prevent this drug from being used for date rape. It now comes as a green pill that turns blue when it is dissolved in a drink. An older white pill is being phased out of use by its manufacturer Hoffman-La Roche. When the drug is simply being abused, most people swallow or chew the tablets or let them dissolve under their tongues. Or they may crush the pills and snort them, mix them with marijuana and smoke them, or dissolve them and inject the solution. Strong effects may last six hours but residual effects may still be present twelve hours later. Mixing Rohypnol with alcohol is particularly dangerous.

Chapter 3 : Psychoactive drug - Wikipedia

Commonly used illegal drugs include marijuana, heroin, cocaine, amphetamines and methamphetamines and club drugs. This list provides examples of their commercial and street names, how they are administered, their effects, health risks and other information.

Redness Swelling Most minor complications can be treated with medication. If these conditions persist or worsen, they may be a sign of a more serious problem and you should talk to a doctor immediately. High-Risk Conditions People who have serious health conditions such as heart disease, cancer or diabetes frequently have other medical conditions as well. The medications they take for these other conditions may present serious side effects or complications that make their conditions worse. Medical devices they rely on may also affect their risk of complications or affect their treatment. People who develop diabetes have too much sugar in their blood. Your risk for developing diabetes can include family history, excess weight, lack of exercise and improper diet. People diagnosed with diabetes may take medicines for other conditions such as allergies or high blood pressure. But some of those medications or conditions may worsen their diabetes or affect their medical devices for treating the disease. If you have diabetes, you should be aware of the risks from: Antipsychotic drugs Beta-blockers high blood pressure, glaucoma drugs Glucocorticoids steroids Thiazide diuretics blood pressure drugs Heart Disease and Stroke Heart disease includes both heart attacks and heart failure. Both are usually the result of coronary artery disease, a condition where fat and other materials can build up in arteries, making them harder and narrower. The most serious side effects include: Many of these drugs can also interfere with treatment after a stroke. People with heart disease take an average of seven drugs every day just to treat that one condition. Heart and stroke patients should make sure every doctor they visit is aware of all the medications they are taking and never take drugs without first checking with their doctor. Cancer Cancer is a condition in which abnormal cells in the body start dividing out-of-control and invade nearby organs or other tissue. Medications cancer patients take for other conditions – from heartburn to depression – can change the way the body absorbs to cancer drugs. This effect may weaken cancer drugs or make them more toxic. Anticonvulsants drugs that stop seizures or treat epilepsy Antidepressants including SSRIs such as Paxil paroxetine and Prozac fluoxetine Antifungal drugs used to treat hypertension, high blood pressure HIV therapy drugs heartburn drugs including Prilosec omeprazole , Nexium esomeprazole and Prevacid Certain antibiotics fluoroquinolones such as Cipro ciprofloxacin Statins cholesterol medicines such as Crestor rosuvastatin and Lipitor atorvastatin Steroids including testosterone replacement therapy such as AndroGel Please seek the advice of a medical professional before making health care decisions. Email Terry Turner has been writing articles and producing news broadcasts for more than 25 years. He covers FDA policy, proton pump inhibitors, and medical devices such as hernia mesh, IVC filters, and hip and knee implants. An Emmy-winning journalist, he has reported on health and medical policy issues before Congress, the FDA and other federal agencies. Some of his qualifications include:

Chapter 4 : Hallucinogenic Drugs List

Drugs and their effects If you are having problems with the use of any drugs including over the counter or prescribed medications and wish to stop or get some.

Check new design of our homepage! Psychoactive Drugs and Their Effects Recent trends show a rise in both, ethical and unethical use of psychoactive drugs and stimulants, which, in turn, makes it all the more important for us to be well-versed with their effects on our brain and body. PsycholoGenie Staff Though they are usually prescribed to treat a range of disorders, psychoactive drugs have more recently come under the scanner for their alleged side effects on the human body. These drugs are used in a range of psychiatric medication and therefore, it becomes all the more important for the layman to be aware of their effects. What are Psychoactive Drugs? These substances are used for both, recreational and therapeutic purposes; their recreational use though, is a strict no. Psychoactive drugs can be broadly categorized into three groups: While depressants are the drugs which slow down the nervous system, stimulants are the ones which stimulate the central nervous system and speed up the messaging process. Hallucinogens, similarly, are the drugs which alter your perception drastically and make you hallucinate. The Effects of Different Psychoactive Drugs The therapeutic use of these drugs refers to their use in the field of medicine to treat a range of health problems, including the treatment of pain and various mental illnesses. One should also take note of the fact that the use of psychoactive medication can also result in drug addiction, especially when used for a prolonged duration. On the other hand, these drugs are also used for recreational purposes. Use of nicotine and caffeine can be attributed to day-to-day activities, like smoking or consumption of beverages like tea and coffee. While such use of illegal drugs can be traced back to several centuries, recent scientific studies have revealed that such abuse can lead to a series of ill effects on the human body and mind. Depressants The long list of depressants include alcohol, cannabis, opiates, etc. That, however, is the case when these drugs are taken in a small amount, mainly through medicines. Even alcohol is a depressant, and the number of car crashes attributed to drunk driving does have a message for everyone who think otherwise. Stimulants In contrast, stimulants have a totally opposite effect on the individual. They speed up the messages to and from the brain, thus making the person feel totally charged up. While ephedrine and caffeine are mild stimulants, cocaine and ecstasy are more powerful ones. The effects of mild stimulants are not hazardous, unless taken in large quantities. In fact, ephedrine is used in medicines meant to treat health problems, like asthma and bronchitis. Even more common are caffeine and nicotine, which are present in coffee and cigarettes respectively. The stronger stimulants though, can have hazardous effects on our mind and body even when taken in small quantities. Over-stimulation caused by these stimulants can result in headache, panic, anxiety, seizures, and even make the person aggressive and paranoid. Hallucinogens Hallucinogens are by far the most powerful among the various psychoactive drugs and therefore, their effects are also quite serious. They directly affect the perception of the individual and result in hallucinations, i. The long list of hallucinogens include Ketamine, LSD, marijuana, etc. It is very difficult to assess the extent of the hazardous effects these drugs can have on the individual at a given time. These drugs also have a large share when it comes to drug abuse. The hazardous effects of hallucinogens range from headache, panic, and anxiety to paranoia, irrational behavior, and psychological euphoria. Among the more serious side effects are renal failure and cardiac distress, which can eventually result in death. Interestingly enough, certain depressants, like cannabis, also have the tendency of producing hallucinogens-like effects on humans. Substance abuse is responsible for a large number of car accidents in the United States, and when we talk about substance abuse, alcohol has a major share. The use of psychoactive medication during pregnancy is also hazardous, as they have the tendency to intrude the placenta and affect the fetus. They can also result in a range of other complications, including miscarriage, in pregnant women. Taking into account the effects of psychoactive drugs, their therapeutic use should only be done under the strict supervision of a medical professional who is well-versed with their dosage. And as for their use for recreational purpose, it should be strictly avoided.

Chapter 5 : Understanding drugs, the different types and their effects

Most drugs of abuse can alter a person's thinking and judgment, leading to health risks, including addiction, drugged driving and infectious disease. Most drugs could potentially harm an unborn baby; pregnancy-related issues are listed in the chart below for drugs where there is enough scientific evidence to connect the drug use to specific negative effects.

Hallucinogens psychedelics , dissociatives and deliriant , which induce perceptual and cognitive alterations. Hypnotics , which depress the central nervous system. Opioid analgesics , which also depress the central nervous system. These are used recreationally because of their euphoric effects. Inhalants , in the forms of gas aerosols, or solvents, which are inhaled as a vapor because of their stupefying effects. Many inhalants also fall into the above categories such as nitrous oxide which is also an analgesic. In some modern and ancient cultures, drug usage is seen as a status symbol. Recreational drugs are seen as status symbols in settings such as at nightclubs and parties. Critics of prohibition believe that regulation of recreational drug use is a violation of personal autonomy and freedom. Entheogens Certain psychoactives, particularly hallucinogens, have been used for religious purposes since prehistoric times. Native Americans have used peyote cacti containing mescaline for religious ceremonies for as long as years. Under the leadership of Timothy Leary , new spiritual and intention-based movements began to use LSD and other hallucinogens as tools to access deeper inner exploration. In the United States, the use of peyote for ritual purposes is protected only for members of the Native American Church , which is allowed to cultivate and distribute peyote. Psychochemical warfare and List of drugs used by militaries Psychoactive drugs have been used in military applications as non-lethal weapons. Both military and civilian American intelligence officials are known to have used psychoactive drugs while interrogating captives apprehended in its War on Terror. In July , Jason Leopold and Jeffrey Kaye, psychologists and human rights workers, had a Freedom of Information Act request fulfilled that confirmed that the use of psychoactive drugs during interrogation was a long-standing practice. He said that Jihan Wali , a captive kept in a nearby cell, was rendered catatonic through the use of these drugs. The military justice system has also been known to use psychoactive drugs to obtain a conviction. Juillerat [36] Additionally, militaries worldwide have used or are using various psychoactive drugs to improve performance of soldiers by suppressing hunger, increasing the ability to sustain effort without food, increasing and lengthening wakefulness and concentration, suppressing fear , reducing empathy, and improving reflexes and memory-recall among other things. The efficiency of each method of administration varies from drug to drug. Alcohol and caffeine are ingested in beverage form; nicotine and cannabis are smoked or vaped ; peyote and psilocybin mushrooms are ingested in botanical form or dried; and crystalline drugs such as cocaine and methamphetamine are usually insufflated inhaled or "snorted". Determinants of effects[edit] The theory of dosage, set, and setting is a useful model in dealing with the effects of psychoactive substances, especially in a controlled therapeutic setting as well as in recreational use. Timothy Leary , based on his own experiences and systematic observations on psychedelics, developed this theory along with his colleagues Ralph Metzner , and Richard Alpert Ram Dass in the s. Set The set is the internal attitudes and constitution of the person, including their expectations, wishes, fears, and sensitivity to the drug. This factor is especially important for the hallucinogens, which have the ability to make conscious experiences out of the unconscious. In traditional cultures, set is shaped primarily by the worldview, health and genetic characteristics that all the members of the culture share. Setting The third aspect is setting, which pertains to the surroundings, the place, and the time in which the experiences transpire. This theory clearly states that the effects are equally the result of chemical, pharmacological, psychological, and physical influences. The model that Timothy Leary proposed applied to the psychedelics, although it also applies to other psychoactives. Depending on its method of action, a psychoactive substance may block the receptors on the post-synaptic neuron dendrite , or block reuptake or affect neurotransmitter synthesis in the pre-synaptic neuron axon. There are many ways in which psychoactive drugs can affect the brain. Each drug has a specific action on one or more neurotransmitter or neuroreceptor in the brain. Drugs that increase activity in particular neurotransmitter systems are called agonists. They act by increasing the synthesis of one or more neurotransmitters, by reducing its reuptake from the synapses , or by

mimicking the action by binding directly to the postsynaptic receptor. Drugs that reduce neurotransmitter activity are called antagonists, and operate by interfering with synthesis or blocking postsynaptic receptors so that neurotransmitters cannot bind to them. Exposure to antagonists for a particular neurotransmitter can increase the number of receptors for that neurotransmitter or the receptors themselves may become more responsive to neurotransmitters; this is called sensitization. Conversely, overstimulation of receptors for a particular neurotransmitter may cause a decrease in both number and sensitivity of these receptors, a process called desensitization or tolerance. Sensitization and desensitization are more likely to occur with long-term exposure, although they may occur after only a single exposure. These processes are thought to play a role in drug dependence and addiction. Unfortunately, because clinical depression also called major depressive disorder is often referred to simply as depression, antidepressants are often requested by and prescribed for patients who are depressed, but not clinically depressed. Affected neurotransmitter systems[edit] The following is a brief table of notable drugs and their primary neurotransmitter, receptor or method of action. It should be noted that many drugs act on more than one transmitter or receptor in the brain.

Chapter 6 : List of Drugs and Their Effects | Gouvernement du Québec

Illicit Street Drugs And Their Effects. The news is full with tragic stories of illegal drugs and their effects. Drug busts, overdose deaths, brain-damaged teens, and crime overwhelm some communities.

Share4 Shares 45K Drug abuse is a very common problem in most countries so it seemed like a good topic for a list. This is a list of ten of the most abused drugs and the effects they have on people. It was originally created to help cure people of addiction to morphine. One of the most common methods of heroin use is via intravenous injection. For the last 4 months, my partner and I have been recreationally using heroin. It became our weekend ritual. Lighting candles, playing music, beer and wine and grapes, reading tarot and finally fucking for hours on end, the most intense beautiful technicolor sex. Each time we did it we got closer to each other. And each time we did it, we wanted to do it again, and again. We have rules about how much we do in one night, how late we stay up and so on. So far the rules have kept us safe from addiction. I was reaching for the lube when I heard the most sickening sound, the vial falling over. Turns out, I was mistaken, I had remembered to put the cap back on. But in those few seconds of uncertainty, my girl and I shot each other a look we had never seen before.. Sometimes fiction reveals the truth better than reality ever could. Dive into the world of heroin addiction and at least one disgusting toilet with the cult classic Trainspotting: It is both a stimulant of the central nervous system and an appetite suppressant, giving rise to what has been described as a euphoric sense of happiness and increased energy. It is most often used recreationally for this effect. Cocaine is a potent central nervous system stimulant. Its effects can last from 20 minutes to several hours, depending upon the dosage of cocaine taken, purity, and method of administration. The initial signs of stimulation are hyperactivity, restlessness, increased blood pressure, increased heart rate and euphoria. The euphoria is sometimes followed by feelings of discomfort and depression and a craving to experience the drug again. Sexual interest and pleasure can be amplified. Side effects can include twitching, paranoia, and impotence, which usually increases with frequent usage. The cocaine arrived and we agreed to use it at a time that translated to three and a half hours after I arrived. After about ninety seconds, I felt my heartbeat increase. It was definitely kicking in. I began to worry a bit, as I could feel my heart pounding and my pulse increasing. I finally felt as if it had reached a plateau. My heartbeat became level, albeit still very high. I did not feel either of these and I did remember to think about these things. For me, the positive effects of cocaine came directly from knowing that I had reached a plateau and I was going to be fine. I felt invigorated, yet also very comfortable. One of the best treatment for drug addiction is to consult with cocaine rehab centers for recovery. Methamphetamine enters the brain and triggers a cascading release of norepinephrine, dopamine and serotonin. Since it stimulates the mesolimbic reward pathway, causing euphoria and excitement, it is prone to abuse and addiction. Users may become obsessed or perform repetitive tasks such as cleaning, hand-washing, or assembling and disassembling objects. Withdrawal is characterized by excessive sleeping, eating and depression-like symptoms, often accompanied by anxiety and drug-craving. I had to work the next day and so saved some to smoke before work in the morning. When I got home another g was waiting for me and I smoked every day but one until I finally quit three months later. For three weeks we smoked meth with little consequence, then my skin became fragile and in addition to breaking out, started to swell. I was really worried because I was constantly thirsty and drinking water, but I rarely urinated. Then my kidneys started hurting. I slept every three or four days for an hour or so and woke feeling rested. I was an hour late for work everyday. My husband wrecked the truck three times. One day I forgot to feed my son. Everything was either the highest of highs or the lowest of lows, no in between existed anymore. We were banned from the sauna at our apartment complex because no one else could use it. Our sweat smelled so strongly of ammonia it burned the eyes, it was caustic, and it burned our skin too. But I still want it. And still I want it. Because of the dangers for manufacturers of using ether to produce pure freebase cocaine, producers began to omit the step of removing the freebase precipitate from the ammonia mixture. Typically, filtration processes are also omitted. Baking soda is now most often used as a base rather than ammonia for reasons of lowered odor and toxicity; however, any weak base can be used to make crack cocaine. As I held the smoke in for a ten count and

exhaled, I thought I felt nothing except a little excitement that was neither bad nor pleasurable. Some people say that the effects of smoking crack lasts minutes. For me, it was just a shortest instant of gratification. Everything afterwards was just a great increase in energy and confidence geared towards obtaining more of the drug. Arguably the most regarded of all psychedelics, it is considered mainly as a recreational drug, an entheogen, and a tool in use to supplement various types of exercises for transcendence including in meditation, psychonautics, and illegal psychedelic psychotherapy whether self administered or not. They also vary from one trip to another, and even as time passes during a single trip. An LSD trip can have long term psychoemotional effects; some users cite the LSD experience as causing significant changes in their personality and life perspective. The guy had a reputation for selling good acid so I happily gave him my cash. I took the single LSD tab in the late morning in a positive state of mind with no worries or anxieties. I began to come up on the acid towards the lunch time. Outside it was a glorious sunny day but I was happy enough in my temporary sanctuary to even think about going outside. The LSD rush started blazing up my spine and racing through my guts, I felt a little uneasy with it but had enough mind to allow myself to just go with it and wait until the rush plateaued. I was having a wonderful time, watching floral Escher type patterns breathing over my skin. I vaguely recall deciding to go downstairs again for some reason then the next thing I recall was awakening on the floor of the dining room alone. The first thing I noticed was that there were blowflies buzzing around a bowl of catfood on the kitchen floor. I remember feeling perplexed as to why both flies had two bright neon after images in red and blue. If you could imagine for a moment being surrounded by people in a busy place where their heads had been removed and replaced by Squids and Octopus you might begin to accurately picture the scene confronting me in the park. Everyone had tentacles smothering their faces and dangling down their necks like fleshy snake beards, even the women and children were not exempt from this disfiguration. In retrospect, it was the worst day of my entire life, It was the closest I can imagine to having full blown psychosis. The primary effects of MDMA include an increased awareness of the senses, feelings of openness, euphoria, empathy, love, happiness, heightened self-awareness, feeling of mental clarity and an increased appreciation of music and movement. Tactile sensations are enhanced for some users, making physical contact with others more pleasurable. Other side effects, such as jaw clenching and elevated pulse, are common. I swallowed one white tablet with water. Over the next hour nothing much happened except that I found myself talking quite openly and confidently with the others, moving very easily into interesting conversations. This was a little unusual for me as I am normally quite shy and overly self-conscious in social situations and it takes me a while to loosen up. The next thing I experienced was a striking shift in my visual perception. For a moment it was like being in one of those nostalgic TV ads where the world looks all gold and sepia. But then I found that my vision was becoming beautifully enhanced. It made my normal visual experience seem like cheap, fuzzy CCTV footage in comparison. Now I was seeing the world anew in sharp, lush, top-quality Technicolor! I also began to move in time to the music. It sounded so good, so organic! The uplifted state stayed with me and took a long time to fade – at least a couple of weeks. It had unleashed in me a rush of joy that was still accessible when I focused on it weeks later. Opium has gradually been superseded by a variety of purified, semi-synthetic, and synthetic opioids with progressively stronger effect, and by other general anesthesia. I remember that what I smoked was much easier to smoke than marijuana. There was no burning in my throat nor in my lungs. I took a very large, smooth hit. Smoking it like marijuana, I held it in for about 10 or 15 seconds and let it out. It actually tasted and smelled like incense. I was very surprised to suddenly find myself on the floor, in the dark, with a crowd of people surrounding me. The high itself is rather hard to describe. It was much more intense than marijuana. It felt heavy, like my whole body was being impacted – but it also felt very clear and refined at the same time.

Chapter 7 : Drug Abuse Effects - www.nxgvision.com

Drugs are divided into 3 categories according to their effect on the central nervous system: disruptive substances/hallucinogens, depressants and stimulants.

List of psychedelic drugs Classical or serotonergic psychedelics agonists for the 5-HT_{2A} serotonin receptors include LSD also known as "acid" , psilocin the active constituent of psilocybin mushrooms , commonly known as "magic mushrooms" or "shrooms" , mescaline the active constituent of peyote , and DMT the active constituent of ayahuasca and an endogenous compound produced in the human body [citation needed]. Pharmacological classes and effects[edit] Serotonergic psychedelics 5-HT_{2A} receptor agonists [edit] This class of psychedelics includes the classical hallucinogens, including the lysergamides like LSD and LSA , tryptamines like psilocybin and DMT , and phenethylamines like mescaline and 2C-B. Many of these psychedelics cause remarkably similar effects, despite their different chemical structure. However, many users report that the three families have subjectively different qualities in the "feel" of the experience, which are difficult to describe. At lower doses, these include sensory alterations, such as the warping of surfaces, shape suggestibility, and color variations. Users often report intense colors that they have not previously experienced, and repetitive geometric shapes are common. Higher doses often cause intense and fundamental alterations of sensory perception, such as synesthesia or the experience of additional spatial or temporal dimensions. Research published in journal " Cell Reports " states that Psychedelic drugs promote neural plasticity in rats and flies. Their effects are characterized by feelings of openness, euphoria, empathy, love, heightened self-awareness, and by mild audio and visual distortions an overall enhancement of sensory experience is often reported. Their adoption by the rave subculture is probably due to the enhancement of the overall social and musical experience. MDA is atypical to this experience, often causing hallucinations and psychedelic effects in equal profundity to the chemicals in the 5-HT_{2A} agonist category, but with substantially less mental involvement, and is both a serotonin releaser and 5-HT_{2A} receptor agonist. The main differences between dissociative psychedelics and serotonergic hallucinogens are that the dissociatives cause more intense derealization and depersonalization. The active molecule in the plant, salvinorin A , is a kappa opioid receptor agonist, working on a part of the brain that deals with pain. Activation of this receptor is also linked to the dysphoria sometimes experienced by users of opioids either therapeutically or recreationally. An unusual feature of S. Additionally, ibotenic acid and muscimol , the active constituents of Amanita muscaria , may be regarded as psychedelic, dissociative or deliriant. Psychedelics and the law[edit] See also: Legal status of psilocybin mushrooms , Drug liberalization , and Category: Drug control law Despite many psychedelic drugs being non-addictive [14] and there being no evidence to support long term harm on mental health [15] many of these drugs have been declared illegal under the UN Convention on Psychotropic Substances of In addition, many countries have analogue acts that automatically forbid any drugs sharing similar chemical structures to common illicit substances regardless of whether they are harmful.

Chapter 8 : Commonly Abused Drugs Charts | National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA)

Learn the facts about the most commonly abused drugs. Each drug page includes a brief overview, street and clinical names, the effects of the drug on the brain and body, statistics and trends, and relevant publications and articles written by NIDA researchers and scientists.

Chapter 9 : Drug Side Effects | www.nxgvision.com

Some drugs can't help but trigger side effects because of their chemical structure. The common allergy drug diphenhydramine (also known by the brand name Benadryl) is one.