

Chapter 1 : Here's What New York City's Boroughs Should Look Like If They Were Redrawn Today | HuffP

The Brooklyn and Queens borough presidents also appoint trustees to the local public library systems in those boroughs. Being coextensive with an individual county, each borough also elects a district attorney, as does every other county of New York State.

In the interim years, the city has radically transformed; the individual boroughs are now inter-connected in ways that would have been unimaginable at the time of their formation. A vast network of bridges, tunnels and the largest rapid transit system in the world connect the populations, establishments, and institutions of each borough — to say nothing of the connections enabled by the explosion of digital and mobile technologies. In this article we explore what happens when we abandon this century-old partitioning and remap the city to reflect the realities of New York City in Using data from dozens of different sources and techniques from a wide range of technologies and disciplines including computer vision, natural language processing, statistics, machine learning, network science, topology, architecture and urbanism, we constructed a new partitioning of the city that resonates with our contemporary moment — 5 boroughs for the 21st century. The implications and limitations of this physical partitioning of land have changed considerably since the initial formation of the boroughs. New York City is now connected by over bridges and tunnels , the vast majority of which were built after Fred Guenther City Hall Station: The ambition to connect the boroughs of NYC via subway was made clear in the naming of the first subway company to operate in the city: The Interborough Rapid Transit Company. This decision was made on the grounds that Brooklyn pop: In the wake of this decision, the NYC Board of Estimate was abolished, and most of its governing responsibilities were transferred to the New York City Council, which consists of members drawn from a much more granular partitioning of the city with 51 council districts distributed unevenly across the 5 boroughs. Thus, while the constituent council districts of a borough have substantial political power in the New York City government via their representative council members , the boroughs as a unit have far less political significance. It also allows user to change the set of inputs that power the clustering. Using Data and Artificial Intelligence to Understand New York City We formed Topos earlier this year to advance the understanding of cities through the interconnected lenses of data and artificial intelligence. While there are well-known tools such as the United States Census that use manual techniques to collect information about different locations, using data and AI enables a dynamic, highly granular, and globally scalable understanding of place — an understanding we think is valuable given the rapidly evolving nature of cities and neighborhoods around the world the US Census, for example, takes place every 10 years, divides the country into 9 regions, and only covers the US. Furthermore, we were interested in going beyond more familiar demographic viewpoints to capture the personality of a place, and what it feels like to actually be there. As part of this endeavor, we have constructed a suite of features and indices about neighborhoods and cities that encompasses everything from topological analysis of urban form, to ambient light levels, to the prevalence of craft cocktails within a neighborhood. From this starting point, we decided to re-envision what a five borough partitioning of NYC might look like in using techniques from Artificial Intelligence: The New 5 Boroughs topos. With the exception of the green cluster, all other clusters are spread across a minimum of 3 of the original, geographically defined boroughs, and divided by at least one body of water. In this sense, geography reasserts itself as an organizing principle of the new boroughs. On average, we find the following distances to the center of downtown Manhattan: Average distances to the center of downtown Manhattan [1] Green cluster: Alongside commuter distance, explicit economic indicators such as income, housing and rental prices were not included in our input data. Despite this, there are clear, dramatic differences that emerge when economic data is aggregated to the cluster level, with the Median Household Income of cluster 1 , USD almost triple that of cluster 4 35, USD. Given the intertwined nature of commute time and income inequality , it is perhaps unsurprising that capturing one of these factors implies the other. Alongside this incredible commercial, institutional and population density there is a corresponding absence of the natural world. While the collection of neighborhoods brought together in Manhattan are tightly bound by geography, it is also interesting to consider the close-by neighborhoods that are excluded. Unlike Manhattan,

The Ring spans multiple rivers. It also unites isolated neighborhoods embedded in other boroughs that are quite far from the center of The Ring such as Forest Hills, Inwood and Hudson Heights. In general, The Ring has high densities across a range of establishments, and is the second densest borough after Minhattan. They share remarkably similar average distances to downtown Manhattan, with South Bend neighborhoods an average of 7. South Bend has a far higher frequency of noise and party complaints. Coupled with this lack of urban density, the natural environment asserts itself more strongly in The Meadows, a feature we detect using image recognition technologies. Additionally, image recognition algorithms discern the frequent presence of traditional suburban style houses in The Meadows, revealing a side of New York City that is less frequently presented in depictions of the city. Why Divide New York City? As with many new technologies, data and AI based partitioning can be used to both positive and negative ends. Enabling a new level of strategic gerrymandering and malapportionment is an undeniable risk. We also believe the cultural, ecological, institutional and architectural diversity of New York City is an incredible strength and should be celebrated. Furthermore, New York City is already divided. New York City has changed radically over the past years, and will continue to do so, as will cities across the world. This post is an abbreviation of an article originally published on Medium as a part of an ongoing series capturing different insights we generate while developing the Topos platform. We would love to hear your feedback:

Chapter 2 : Borough (New York City) Facts for Kids

*Leslie's History of the Greater New York, Vol. 2: Brooklyn and the Other Boroughs (Classic Reprint) [Daniel van Pelt] on www.nxgvision.com *FREE* shipping on qualifying offers.*

Brooklyn and Other Boroughs, " Exhibition: April 24th " June 6th, Opening Reception: Brooklyn and Other Boroughs, " The show features 50 black and white and color photographs taken in Brooklyn, Manhattan, and the Bronx over a five decade span. Jerome Liebling was born in Harlem and grew up poor in Bensonhurst, Brooklyn. In , Liebling quit his first semester at Brooklyn College to enlist in World War II, serving in the notoriously deadly glider infantry. In , Liebling joined the Photo League, a socially minded collective of photographers who fanned across New York to document hidden corners of the city. For Liebling, children surviving the rough-and-tumble city streets became a symbol of fortitude. This image of a winged superhero who could soar away from his impoverished world has become a beloved icon, appearing on public posters and billboards in New York, Paris, Amsterdam, Japan and elsewhere. In Liebling accepted a position teaching photography and filmmaking at the University of Minnesota. Twenty years later, he returned to New York to discover that the city of his childhood had vanished. Despite their imagery of senseless destruction, his photographs reveal the ever renewing spirit of humanity pushing up through the cracks. He spent three decades photographing there in brilliant chromogenic color as the old wave of Jewish denizens gave way to the new wave of Russian immigrants. He found mystery and intrigue around every corner. The people on the streets " with their indefatigable energy and their human foibles " became larger-than-life through his lens. Human struggle took on mythical proportions; the perseverance and ingenuity of everyday people was heroic in his eyes. Brooklyn and Other Boroughs, " will be on view April 24th " June 6th, Steven Kasher Gallery is located at W. For more information about the exhibition and all other general inquiries, please contact Cassandra Johnson, , cassandra.stevenkasher. Brooklyn and Other Boroughs", and "Fred W. Brooklyn and Other Boroughs and Fred W. To view the full articles, click the link below or visit our press page.

Chapter 3 : Two Brooklyn teens face hate crime charges

Brooklyn totals 97 square miles (km 2) in area, of which 71 square miles (km 2) is land (73%), and 26 square miles (67 km 2) is water (27%); the borough is the second-largest in land area among the boroughs of New York City.

March 8, iStock New York City is almost like several cities in one, with many divisions among the millions of people who call it home. Perhaps the most noticeable of these divisions: Each has its own borough president and limited governing powers, plus its own culture and reputation, and each overlaps with a county of New York State and has its own district attorney. How did these five boroughs come to be? Four of the five boroughs correspond to counties that the English etched out when they seized control of the area and created the colony of New York. The actual City of New York was limited to the southern tip of the island of Manhattan. The rest of what is now the city was a hodgepodge of rural villages and farming communities, which came and went and sometimes merged over the centuries. Before long, the twin cities of New York and Brooklyn had emerged. These shifts are detailed in "Before the Five-Borough City: By the late 19th century, 40 separate municipalities controlled what is now New York, creating a headache for the industrial elites trying to install utilities and move goods by railroad and harbor through the area. According to various articles in Columbia University professor Kenneth T. He also proposed annexing a valuable chunk of the main land from Westchester County. This became The Bronx. All towns and cities affected held referendums on the plan. According to the Pulitzer-winning Gotham: Brooklynites and other residents of outlying areas were hesitant. Newspapers and civic organizations decried the loss of local control and a threat to Protestant homogeneity. Out of the consolidation of , a city of 3 million was born. The state legislature set up a special committee to draw up a new city charter. It also created the five boroughs and the office of borough president. The main role of the five borough presidents was to vote on the Board of Estimate, which oversaw budget and land use issues. In , the U. Supreme Court decided the Board of Estimate was unconstitutional. The justices reasoned it violated the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment because one borough president got one vote, although the boroughs themselves had widely disparate populations. Since then, the boroughs have had little governing power, and the borough presidents have become primarily boosters, working to organize nongovernmental civic groups and nonprofits. The boroughs are now mostly names on a map and sources of overwhelming sectarian pride for New Yorkers.

Steven Kasher Gallery is proud to announce Jerome Liebling: Brooklyn and Other Boroughs, - This is the second exhibition of Liebling's work at Steven Kasher Gallery. This is the second exhibition of Liebling's work at Steven Kasher Gallery.

The passengers are the true residents of Brooklyn. The elderly lady who has a reduced-fare metro card and still finds her reduced fare to be too high. Moms with children, carrying bags and bags of groceries to tide them over at least a week. These passengers are not an anomaly for most Brooklyn neighborhoods. They are the standard. That hipster Brooklynite, who makes an appearance in every trend piece, wearing a lumberjack shirt, shaggy beard, drinking an overpriced cup of organic coffee that is an anomaly for most Brooklyn neighborhoods. He roams a small, exclusive territory. In , at The neighborhood, which is further divided into census tracts, is also a home to two of the poorest tracts in New York. Tracts are usually made up of about 4, people, according to the census. This means that larger neighborhoods such as those in Brooklyn, might be divided into multiple tracts. Between and , Brooklyn went from being a home to the four poorest tracts in New York to being a home to five. Brooklyn is more than just Williamsburg. Just look at some of its poorest neighborhoods. Brooklyn went from having no richest census tracts in to having two one in Dumbo and one in Brooklyn heights. The increase of well-off Brooklynites in some neighborhoods has had adverse effects on the rents in Brooklyn. In Brownsville, those numbers are much higher, with public housing making up In Coney Island, those numbers are The poverty rate in Brooklyn is In the past few weeks, moms and kids have been frequent visitors to these discount stores. For them, the price of a typical senior year was measured in boxes of candy, handed out by our school, even as America was having national debates about healthier school lunches. Such milestones become bittersweet when you can barely afford them. The cost of obtaining higher education begins long before the last day of high school. There are the SAT fees, the fees for college applications, many of which are waived if your family is on food stamps. Every step you take to better yourself comes with a reminder that you are living in poverty. Children living in high-need districts, where large numbers of families rely on subsidies like food stamps, have lower graduation rates. One in four Brooklyn students needs more than four years to finish high school.

Chapter 5 : What's the difference between Manhattan, Brooklyn, Queens and New York City? | Yahoo Answers

But, it is, unfortunately limited to just Manhattan. Or in other words, the other four boroughs -- Staten Island, Queens, Brooklyn, and the Bronx -- are all unreachable. three pieces of DLC.

New York City is often referred to collectively as the five boroughs; the term is used to refer to New York City as a whole unambiguously, avoiding confusion with any particular borough or with the Greater New York metropolitan area. The term is also used by politicians to counter a frequent focus on Manhattan and thereby to place all five boroughs on equal footing. In the same vein, the term outer boroughs refers to all of the boroughs excluding Manhattan, even though the geographic center of the city is along the Brooklyn–Queens border. The Bronx originally included parts of New York County outside of Manhattan that had previously been ceded by neighboring Westchester County in two stages; in and then following a referendum in . Ultimately in , the present-day separate Bronx County became the last county to be created in the State of New York. The borough of Queens consists of what formerly was only the western part of a then-larger Queens County. In , the three eastern towns of Queens County that had not joined the city the year before—the towns of Hempstead , North Hempstead , and Oyster Bay —formally seceded from Queens County to form the new Nassau County. The borough of Staten Island was officially the borough of Richmond until the name was changed in to reflect its common appellation, while leaving the name of the county unchanged as Richmond.

Description of the boroughs

Chinatown in Manhattan, the most densely populated borough of New York City, with a higher density than any individual American city. The Unisphere in Queens , the most ethnically diverse urban area in the world. Borough Hall in the St. Neighborhoods in New York City and List of parks in New York City

There are hundreds of distinct neighborhoods throughout the five boroughs of New York City, many with a definable history and character to call their own. Manhattan is the cultural, administrative, and financial center of New York City and contains the headquarters of many major multinational corporations , the United Nations Headquarters , Wall Street , and a number of important universities. Manhattan is often described as the financial and cultural center of the world. Most of the borough is situated on Manhattan Island , at the mouth of the Hudson River. Manhattan Island is loosely divided into Lower , Midtown , and Uptown regions. The borough also includes a small neighborhood on the United States mainland, called Marble Hill. Brooklyn is known for its cultural, social, and ethnic diversity, an independent art scene, distinct neighborhoods, and a distinctive architectural heritage. Downtown Brooklyn is the only central core neighborhood in the outer boroughs. The borough has a long beachfront shoreline including Coney Island , established in the s as one of the earliest amusement grounds in the country. Marine Park and Prospect Park are the two largest parks in Brooklyn. Queens Queens County , on Long Island north and east of Brooklyn, is geographically the largest borough, the most ethnically diverse county in the United States, as well as the most ethnically diverse urban area in the world. Historically a collection of small towns and villages founded by the Dutch , the borough has since developed both commercial and residential prominence. Open tennis tournament at Flushing Meadows-Corona Park. Additionally, two of the three busiest airports serving the New York metropolitan area, John F. Staten Island Richmond County is the most suburban in character of the five boroughs. Staten Island is connected to Brooklyn by the Verrazano-Narrows Bridge and to Manhattan by way of the Staten Island Ferry , a free commuter ferry and popular tourist attraction which provides unobstructed views of the Statue of Liberty , Ellis Island , and Lower Manhattan. It is the location of Yankee Stadium , the baseball stadium of the New York Yankees , and home to the largest cooperatively owned housing complex in the United States, Co-op City. Sixth borough

Main page: Sixth borough

The term sixth borough is used to describe any of a number of places that have been metaphorically called a part of New York City because of their geographic location, demographics they include large numbers of former New Yorkers , special affiliation, or cosmopolitan character. They have included adjacent cities and counties in the New York metropolitan area as well as in other states, U. The Hudson Waterfront in the U. All content from Kiddle encyclopedia articles including the article images and facts can be freely used under Attribution-ShareAlike license, unless stated otherwise.

Chapter 6 : Boroughs of New York City - Wikipedia

Well, let's see. A lot of Asians live in Queens, especially in Flushing, while most of African Americans live in Brooklyn and Bronx. Staten Island has the least population out of 5 boroughs, while Brooklyn has the most.

Having this convenience at my fingertips meant I had the privilege of exploring all five boroughs of NYC over the course of several years. While I no longer live up north, one thing has always troubled me. Whenever I meet someone who has recently visited NYC for the first time, they return believing the entire city is exactly the same as Times Square and Midtown. New York City has five fantastic boroughs, each with its own vibe, culture, culinary scene, and entertainment. The bright lights and crowds of Times Square, the sheer talent lighting up the stages of Broadway, and the immaculate beauty of St. Manhattan Skyline Manhattan boasts intriguing neighborhoods such as: East Village – Known as the birthplace of Punk Rock and filled with music venues and quaint bars. Roosevelt Island – A stunning residential community with awe-inspiring views of the city. The Highline is a gorgeous park built upon an abandoned railway high above the busy sidewalks. There are 4 more boroughs of NYC for you to discover – each just as outstanding as the next. The Bronx Serving as the backdrop of inspiration for popular musicians and artists, the Bronx is currently experiencing an explosion of culture and art. The borough is full of hidden gems and hole-in-the-wall attractions. Looking for somewhere to stay in the Bronx? Check out the Opera House Hotel. This historic hotel is close to Yankee stadium, the subway, and once served as the popular Bronx Opera House. After all, Arthur Avenue is the real Little Italy. Flushing Meadows Park – Queens: The extraordinary amount of diversity in Queens leads to a number of exciting cultural festivals and events such as Greek Festivals, Italian fairs, art shows, and more. This population rise has attracted creative restaurants, breweries, companies and more to put up roots in Queens. The century-old beer garden is one of the largest outdoor drinking venues in NYC. Whether you prefer a day at the beach or sipping craft beer with friends, Queens has it all. This borough of NYC is gaining a resounding reputation thanks to the creative and caring young adults and families who call Brooklyn home. Neighborhoods such as Bushwick, Williamsburg, and more have quickly gained popularity for the trendy and welcoming vibe. My favorite place in Brooklyn is Barcade. Lined with classic arcade games, this bar is packed with people looking to play a fun round of Frogger or Tetris, drink with friends, and have a great time. Plus, those who love outdoorsy activities need to visit Prospect Park where you can do everything from pedal boats to horseback riding all in one of the boroughs of NYC. The legendary amusement parks in this section of Brooklyn are filled with rides, games, corndogs, and more. This borough has the potential to make you feel as though you have left the city entirely. History buffs should check out the Historic Richmond Town and immerse themselves in this acre living history and museum complex. Depending on your vacation accommodations, traveling to Staten Island can take quite some time. All NYC visitors need to experience the sights and sounds of Manhattan, the art of the Bronx, the culture and diversity of Queens, the growth of Brooklyn, and the suburban charm of Staten Island.

So it and Brooklyn & Queens are 3 out of the 5 Boroughs of the entity of NYC. Queens & Brooklyn are technically part of Long Island. Manhattan and Staten Island are both islands, while the Bronx is the only Borough actually connected to the continental United States.

New York City is often referred to collectively as the five boroughs; the term is used to refer to New York City as a whole unambiguously, avoiding confusion with any particular borough or with the Greater New York metropolitan area. The term is also used by politicians to counter a frequent focus on Manhattan and thereby to place all five boroughs on equal footing. In the same vein, the term outer boroughs refers to all of the boroughs excluding Manhattan, even though the geographic center of the city is along the Brooklyn–Queens border. Changes after [edit] The Bronx originally included parts of New York County outside of Manhattan that had previously been ceded by neighboring Westchester County in two stages; in and then following a referendum in Ultimately in , the present-day separate Bronx County became the last county to be created in the State of New York. The borough of Queens consists of what formerly was only the western part of a then-larger Queens County. In , the three eastern towns of Queens County that had not joined the city the year before—the towns of Hempstead , North Hempstead , and Oyster Bay —formally seceded from Queens County to form the new Nassau County. The Unisphere in Queens , the most ethnically diverse urban area in the world. Neighborhoods in New York City and List of parks in New York City There are hundreds of distinct neighborhoods throughout the five boroughs of New York City, many with a definable history and character to call their own. Manhattan is often described as the cultural, financial, media , and entertainment capital of the world. Manhattan Island is loosely divided into Lower , Midtown , and Uptown regions. The borough also includes a small neighborhood on the United States mainland , called Marble Hill. Brooklyn is known for its cultural, social, and ethnic diversity, an independent art scene, distinct neighborhoods , and a distinctive architectural heritage. Downtown Brooklyn is the largest central core neighborhood in the outer boroughs. The borough has a long beachfront shoreline including Coney Island , established in the s as one of the earliest amusement grounds in the country. Since , Brooklyn has evolved into a thriving hub of entrepreneurship and high technology startup firms , [19] [20] and of postmodern art [21] and design. Downtown Flushing has become one of the busiest central core neighborhoods in the outer boroughs. Open tennis tournament at Flushing Meadows-Corona Park. Additionally, two of the three busiest airports serving the New York metropolitan area, John F. It is the location of Yankee Stadium , the baseball stadium of the New York Yankees , and home to the largest cooperatively owned housing complex in the United States, Co-op City. Staten Island is connected to Brooklyn by the Verrazzano-Narrows Bridge and to Manhattan by way of the Staten Island Ferry , a free commuter ferry and popular tourist attraction which provides unobstructed views of the Statue of Liberty, Ellis Island , and Lower Manhattan. Governance[edit] The percentage of New York City population residing in each borough from bottom to top: The Bronx , and 5. Populations before are for the areas now enclosed in the present boroughs. Each borough is represented by a borough president. Since the abolition of the Board of Estimate in due to a ruling of the U. Supreme Court [27] , the borough presidents have minimal executive powers, and there is no legislative function within a borough. The Brooklyn and Queens borough presidents also appoint trustees to the local public library systems in those boroughs. Being coextensive with an individual county, each borough also elects a district attorney , as does every other county of New York State. While the district attorneys of Manhattan, Brooklyn, and Staten Island are popularly referred to as such by the media e. Thompson " , they are technically and legally the district attorneys of New York County, Kings County and Richmond County, respectively. Because the five district attorneys are, technically speaking, state officials since the counties are considered to be arms of the state government , rather than officials of the city government, they are not subject to the term limitations that govern other New York City officials such as the mayor, the New York City Public Advocate , members of the city council, or the borough presidents. Some civil court judges also are elected on a borough-wide basis, although they generally are eligible to serve throughout the city. Sixth borough The term

sixth borough is used to describe any of a number of places that have been metaphorically called a part of New York City because of their geographic location, demographics they include large numbers of former New Yorkers , special affiliation, or cosmopolitan character. They have included adjacent cities and counties in the New York metropolitan area as well as in other states, U.

Chapter 8 : Brooklyn vs Manhattan Cost Breakdown | Cheapism

Diversity - I can't quantify this, but brooklyn feels way more diverse than the other boroughs. The benefit of this: GREAT FOOD and ARTS!!! The quality and diversity of restaurants in Brooklyn is amazing.

The British generally enjoyed a dominant Loyalist sentiment from the residents in Kings County who did not evacuate, though the region was also the center of the fledgling—and largely successful—American intelligence network, headed by Washington himself. The British set up a system of notorious prison ships off the coast of Brooklyn in Wallabout Bay, where more American patriots died of intentional neglect than died in combat on all the battlefields of the American Revolutionary War, combined. One result of the Treaty of Paris in 1763 was the evacuation of the British from New York City, celebrated by residents into the 20th century.

Urbanization[edit] A preindustrial Winter Scene in Brooklyn, c. The first half of the 19th century saw the beginning of the development of urban areas on the economically strategic East River shore of Kings County, facing the adolescent City of New York confined to Manhattan Island. The New York Navy Yard operated in Wallabout Bay border between Brooklyn and Williamsburgh for the entire 19th century and two-thirds of the 20th century. The first center of urbanization sprang up in the Town of Brooklyn, directly across from Lower Manhattan, which saw the incorporation of the Village of Brooklyn in 1809. The Town and Village were combined to form the first, kernel incarnation of the City of Brooklyn in 1822. In parallel development, the Town of Bushwick, a little farther up the river, saw the incorporation of the Village of Williamsburgh in 1808, which separated as the Town of Williamsburgh in 1822 and formed the short-lived City of Williamsburgh in 1824. Industrial deconcentration in mid-century was bringing shipbuilding and other manufacturing to the northern part of the county. Each of the two cities and six towns in Kings County remained independent municipalities, and purposely created non-aligning street grids with different naming systems. However, the East River shore was growing too fast for the three-year-old infant City of Williamsburgh; it, along with its Town of Bushwick hinterland, was subsumed within a greater City of Brooklyn in 1838. Stevens, the growing city across the East River from Manhattan was producing its own prominent newspaper. The publisher changed to L. Both major institutions were lost in the 1840s: Agitation against Southern slavery was stronger in Brooklyn than in New York[citation needed], and under Republican leadership the city was fervent in the Union cause in the Civil War. After the war the Henry Ward Beecher Monument was built downtown to honor a famous local abolitionist. A great victory arch was built at what was then the south end of town to celebrate the armed forces; this place is now called Grand Army Plaza. The city had a population of 25, in 1840, but the police department comprised only 12 men on the day shift and another 12 at night. Every time a rash of burglaries broke out, officials blamed burglars coming in from New York City. Finally in 1845, a modern police force was created, employing men. Voters complained of inadequate protection and excessive costs. In 1846, the state legislature merged the Brooklyn force with that of New York City. The most well-known regiment to be sent off to war from the city was the 14th Brooklyn "Red Legged Devils". They fought from 1846 to 1862, wore red the entire war, and were the only regiment named after a city; President Lincoln called them into service personally, making them part of a handful of three-year enlisted soldiers in April 1861. Unlike other regiments during the American Civil War, the 14th wore a uniform inspired by that of the French Chasseurs, a light infantry used for quick assaults on the enemy. The two combined in shipbuilding; the ironclad Monitor was built in Brooklyn. The poem calls New York Harbor "the air-bridged harbor that twin cities frame". As a twin city to New York, it played a role in national affairs that was later overshadowed by its century-old submergence into its old partner and rival. Economic growth continued, propelled by immigration and industrialization, and Brooklyn established itself as the third-most populous American city for much of the 19th century. The waterfront from Gowanus Bay to Greenpoint was developed with piers and factories. Industrial access to the waterfront was improved by the Gowanus Canal and the canalized Newtown Creek. The USS Monitor was only the most famous product of the large and growing shipbuilding industry of Williamsburg. After the Civil War, trolley lines and other transport brought urban sprawl beyond Prospect Park and into the center of the county. Brooklyn Bridge in 1883, by Currier and Ives The rapidly growing population needed more water, so the City built centralized

waterworks including the Ridgewood Reservoir. The municipal Police Department, however, was abolished in favor of a Metropolitan force covering also New York and Westchester Counties. Throughout this period the peripheral towns of Kings County, far from Manhattan and even from urban Brooklyn, maintained their rustic independence. The only municipal change seen was the secession of the eastern section of the Town of Flatbush as the Town of New Lots in 1853. The building of rail links such as the Brighton Beach Line in 1864 heralded the end of this isolation. Borough of Brooklyn wards, Sports became big business, and the Brooklyn Bridegrooms played professional baseball at Washington Park in the convenient suburb of Park Slope and elsewhere. Early in the next century, under their new name of Brooklyn Dodgers, they brought baseball to Ebbets Field, beyond Prospect Park. Racetracks, amusement parks, and beach resorts opened in Brighton Beach, Coney Island, and elsewhere in the southern part of the county. Currier and Ives print of Brooklyn, Toward the end of the 19th century, the City of Brooklyn experienced its final, explosive growth spurt. Railroads and industrialization spread to Bay Ridge and Sunset Park. Brooklyn had reached its natural municipal boundaries at the ends of Kings County. Mayors of the City of Brooklyn[edit] See also: List of mayors of New York City and Brooklyn borough presidents Brooklyn elected a mayor from until consolidation in into the City of Greater New York, whose own second mayor " , Seth Low, had been Mayor of Brooklyn from to . Since , Brooklyn has, in place of a separate mayor, elected a Borough President. Mayors of the City of Brooklyn [30] Mayor.

Chapter 9 : WATCH: 'Marvel's Spider-Man' Player Escapes Playable Area Into Other Boroughs

Frank Pinello has eaten his share of pizza in Manhattan and Brooklyn, but it's time for him to check out New York City's other boroughs—Queens, Staten Island, and the Bronx—to discover some of.