

Chapter 1 : 27 meaningful tattoos for introverts

Optical illusions are an interesting branch of psychology and optics that relates the vision with the mind space. Some interesting facts about optical illusions: 1.

Can you see the bubbles moving in a particular direction Did you know your mind is a musical entity? Well yes, most definitely your mind is musical. Though your mind may be more musical than your friend. Movements in the bubbles from left to right denote you are a born musician with the knowledge of tones and rhythms. Spiraling into a rabbit hole is a difficult maze for sure! Is this spiralling left to right or right to left? If you see the spiral spanning from left to right, you are a realist. If you see the spiral from left to right, then you probably fret a lot about the smallest of things. Do you see a snake here? Snakes have been symbolic parts of mythology and psychology. Dreams about snakes are symbolical for your mind. In optical illusion as well, if you see snakes it says a lot about your mind space and personality. If you particularly see serpentine movement in the image, then you have suspicious minds and you do not trust easily. Make the sweetest of rhymes in time! Did you see a movement in the middle of the cartwheel? Punctuality is a trait that will help you excel in life. If you see movement in the middle of the cartwheel, then you are not a punctual person at all dear! Organise your day and routine in a timely manner. How adventurous are you? Do you feel the circular motion from left to right or from right to left? Are you an adventurous person who likes to trek hills and walk miles? Or are you a couch potato? If you do not know it yet, well this test will tell you which of it you are. If your eyeballs feel the circular motion is from left to right, then you are an adventurous soul. The universe is in your hand! Is this image moving towards you or away from you? You are full of positivity and see the good in everything if you see the picture moving towards you. You grab the opportunities at the appropriate times. You are a master and decision maker Which ball is bigger the ball in front, or the one behind? You are a born leader and you have an eye for detailing. If you see the ball at the behind bigger. However, if you see the ball at the front bigger, then you are a behind the scenes person. Meaning you are good at giving advice to people and you like to stay away from the limelight. The above images tells you a lot about your personality traits and behaviors. Use this form of science to better your life!

Chapter 2 : How Optical Illusions Trick Your Brain - Seeker

These optical illusions will determine whether you're an introvert or extrovert Optical illusions, brain teasers and puzzles have been proving hugely popular online. But this latest one won't.

More information at <http://> Note that the colors will still appear on a black and white computer monitor. It is also possible to make a video of the spinning disk using a black and white video camera, and show it on a black and white TV: So, why are there colored patterns? He initially worked with three monochrome black and white images, each representing the red, green, and blue portions of a single color image. Each image would be exposed with an appropriate color filter in front of the camera red, green, or blue. Each monochrome slide was developed, then each was placed in a projector with the appropriate color filter in front of the projector. The resulting image was composed of three colors in much the same manner that color TV and computer monitors display color. One day, someone knocked the green filter off the green projector with the result that the "green" image was now being projected as white light. Land experimented further and discovered that he could turn off the blue projector and still see an almost completely normal image. Since the image was now being formed from only white and red light, Land might have expected to see only shades of pink. Instead, he saw a full color image. The image below is composed of two different interleaved images. The odd scan lines are all shades of red: The even scan lines are all shades of gray: The image below is made using a checkerboard with alternating red-gray squares much like a real checkerboard. The red squares display the red component of the color image. The gray squares are made by changing the green component of the image to gray. This image is best viewed in a darkened room with the monitor brightness turned up. Color constancy relates to our ability to see the "true" color of an object regardless of the illuminating light color. For example, a yellow banana illuminated with blue light still looks yellow, even though the "color" of the illuminated banana is green. See the demonstration at <http://> The odd banana on the right looks green, but the same banana on the left looks yellow. Click the "Mask" button to show that they are the same color. The relation between color constancy and the red-white Land effect is that the eye subtracts the constant red light level from the color image, and white minus red equal green. By mixing red, white, black, and green, the eye can construct a wealth of color. Munker-White illusion Look closely at the stripes that form the colored squares in the image below. All the squares are the same color gray.

Chapter 3 : Optical illusion test: The thing that you see first, reveals your character and personality

In optical illusion as well, if you see snakes it says a lot about your mind space and personality. If you particularly see serpentine movement in the image, then you have suspicious minds and you do not trust easily.

Rabbit-duck illusion To make sense of the world it is necessary to organize incoming sensations into information which is meaningful. Gestalt psychologists believe one way this is done is by perceiving individual sensory stimuli as a meaningful whole. A floating white triangle, which does not exist, is seen. The brain has a need to see familiar simple objects and has a tendency to create a "whole" image from individual elements. The use of perceptual organization to create meaning out of stimuli is the principle behind other well-known illusions including impossible objects. The Gestalt principles of perception govern the way we group different objects. Good form is where the perceptual system tries to fill in the blanks in order to see simple objects rather than complex objects. Continuity is where the perceptual system tries to disambiguate which segments fit together into continuous lines. Proximity is where objects that are close together are associated. Similarity is where objects that are similar are seen as associated. Some of these elements have been successfully incorporated into quantitative models involving optimal estimation or Bayesian inference. The Ponzo illusion is an example of an illusion which uses monocular cues of depth perception to fool the eye. But even with two dimensional images, the brain exaggerates vertical distances when compared with horizontal distances, as in the vertical-horizontal illusion where the two lines are exactly the same length. In the Ponzo illusion the converging parallel lines tell the brain that the image higher in the visual field is farther away therefore the brain perceives the image to be larger, although the two images hitting the retina are the same size. Escher painting Waterfall exploits rules of depth and proximity and our understanding of the physical world to create an illusion. Like depth perception, motion perception is responsible for a number of sensory illusions. Film animation is based on the illusion that the brain perceives a series of slightly varied images produced in rapid succession as a moving picture. Likewise, when we are moving, as we would be while riding in a vehicle, stable surrounding objects may appear to move. We may also perceive a large object, like an airplane, to move more slowly than smaller objects, like a car, although the larger object is actually moving faster. The phi phenomenon is yet another example of how the brain perceives motion, which is most often created by blinking lights in close succession. The ambiguity of direction of motion due to lack of visual references for depth is shown in the spinning dancer illusion. The spinning dancer appears to be moving clockwise or counterclockwise depending on spontaneous activity in the brain where perception is subjective. Recent studies show on the fMRI that there are spontaneous fluctuations in cortical activity while watching this illusion, particularly the parietal lobe, because it is involved in perceiving movement. The background is a color gradient and progresses from dark grey to light grey. The horizontal bar appears to progress from light grey to dark grey, but is in fact just one colour. Perceptual constancies are sources of illusions. Color constancy and brightness constancy are responsible for the fact that a familiar object will appear the same color regardless of the amount of light or color of light reflecting from it. An illusion of color difference or luminosity difference can be created when the luminosity or color of the area surrounding an unfamiliar object is changed. The luminosity of the object will appear brighter against a black field that reflects less light compared to a white field, even though the object itself did not change in luminosity. Similarly, the eye will compensate for color contrast depending on the color cast of the surrounding area. In addition to the Gestalt principles of perception, water-color illusions contribute to the formation of optical illusions. Water-color illusions consist of object-hole effects and coloration. Object-hole effects occur when boundaries are prominent where there is a figure and background with a hole that is 3D volumetric in appearance. Coloration consists of an assimilation of color radiating from a thin-colored edge lining a darker chromatic contour. The water-color illusion describes how the human mind perceives the wholeness of an object such as top-down processing. Thus, contextual factors play into perceiving the brightness of an object. For example, a door is perceived as rectangle regardless of how the image may change on the retina as the door is opened and closed. Unfamiliar objects, however, do not always follow the rules of shape constancy and may change when the

perspective is changed. The Shepard illusion of the changing table [21] is an example of an illusion based on distortions in shape constancy. When light hits the retina, about one-tenth of a second goes by before the brain translates the signal into a visual perception of the world. Scientists have known of the lag, yet they have debated how humans compensate, with some proposing that our motor system somehow modifies our movements to offset the delay. This foresight enables humans to react to events in the present, enabling humans to perform reflexive acts like catching a fly ball and to maneuver smoothly through a crowd. Evolution has seen to it that geometric drawings like this elicit in us premonitions of the near future. The converging lines toward a vanishing point the spokes are cues that trick our brains into thinking we are moving forwardâ€”as we would in the real world, where the door frame a pair of vertical lines seems to bow out as we move through itâ€”and we try to perceive what that world will look like in the next instant. Pathological visual illusions usually occur throughout the visual field, suggesting global excitability or sensitivity alterations. Types of visual illusions include oscillopsia , halos around objects , illusory palinopsia visual trailing , light streaking , prolonged indistinct afterimages , akinetopsia , visual snow , micropsia , macropsia , teleopsia , pelopsia , Alice in Wonderland syndrome , metamorphopsia , dyschromatopsia , intense glare , blue field entoptic phenomenon , and purkinje trees. These symptoms may indicate an underlying disease state and necessitate seeing a medical practitioner. Etiologies associated with pathological visual illusions include multiple types of ocular disease , migraines , hallucinogen persisting perception disorder , head trauma , and prescription drugs. If a medical work-up does not reveal a cause of the pathological visual illusions, the idiopathic visual disturbances could be analogous to the altered excitability state seen in visual aura with no migraine headache. These symptoms are often refractory to treatment and may be caused by any of the aforementioned etiologies, but are often idiopathic. There is no standard treatment for these visual disturbances. List of illusions[edit] There are a variety of different types of optical illusions. Many are included in the following list.

Chapter 4 : Optical illusion - Wikipedia

Describes how introverts can work with their temperament to live a fulfilling life and thrive in an extrovert world, covering such topics as relationships, parenting, socializing, and coping in the workplace.

Mighty Optical Illusions Stare at the center of the fuzzy image above without blinking. After a few seconds, what do you see? Does the image start to fade away? This is due to the fact that our neurons stop responding to unchanging stimuli--in this case, the static blurry image in the background--which causes the image to disappear from our consciousness. As you can see in the image above, when the textured object is placed on a plain grey background, it seems to have more contrast than when the same object is placed on a high-contrast, textured background. When there is lack of light falling on the retina, our brain tries to determine the true color or contrast of the object by making an imperfect and oftentimes inaccurate interpretation, such as when the low-contrast object is on a grey background. But in reality, they are the same shade of grey. Here the situation for visual interpretation on the checkerboard is complex: Here, the proximity of light and dark squares as well as soft shadows fools the brain into making the wrong judgments. Image Source After staring at the cross in the center of this image for 20 seconds or so, you will start to see either a green dot running around the circle or a green dot circling around, seeming to erase the magenta dots on the grey background. If you shift your eyes, the magenta dots will appear again. In this case, the disappearance of lilac dots produces the appearance of afterimages of the complementary color green. And the Gestalt effect contributes to the visual phenomenon of a flying green disk. After a while, the brain starts to integrate the successive afterimages and perceive a single flying object instead. We will delve more into the Gestalt effect later. Via New Optical Illusions Look at the image on the left: Does the black line seem to line up with the blue line? In actuality, the black line is lined up with the red one, as revealed in the image on the right. Although so far no theories have satisfactorily explained this visual error, the prevailing belief is that our brain attempts to interpret a 2D image with 3D properties and distorts the depth between lines. Would you believe that the two tabletops are exactly the same? If not, check out this animated illustration to see for yourself. First presented by American psychologist Roger Shepard in his book *Mind Sights*, this simple yet astonishing visual illusion is further proof that our vision system is largely influenced by our experiences with the outside world and therefore interferes with reality sometimes. The closer the object is in distance, the larger it is on our retina. The nonexistent triangle also appears to be brighter than the background, although they are of the same luminance. This illusion, popularized by Italian psychologist Gaetano Kanizsa, reveals how we tend to seek closure in our visual perception. Image Source Look closely: The three prongs miraculously transform into two at the end of the fork. The more you look at it, the more improbable it becomes. How does this happen? The lines are joined at the end to create the illusion of a prong. And because our minds tend to reconstruct 3D imagery out of the flat 2D image, it creates the illusion of depth. Read more about how to become a better visual thinker here or effectively tell a visual story here. Share your thoughts with us in the comments section below. Become a more effective visual communicator. With Visme, you can create, share or download your visuals with no design training. About the Author Lucia is fascinated by the intersection of communication and behavioral psychology. When not working, she can be found advocating for remote working, digital currency and circular economy.

Chapter 5 : Are you an introvert or extrovert? Viral optical illusion reveals all | www.nxgvision.com

Optical illusions are hard to figure out â€” they involve a lot of science and a solid understanding how the eyes and brain work together to perceive the world around us. And some, like the.

This test uses optical illusions to tell you about your personality while explaining why you see what you see. The brain treats optical illusions differently than regular images because there are different types of illusions the brain has trouble processing. Literal optical illusions â€” creating images that are not the same as the ones that make them. Cognitive illusions â€” unconscious inferences. Physiological illusions â€” a result of excessive stimulation. Ok now view these next images and find out what it means when you see something a certain way. A car â€” if you see a car first, it means that you appreciate your freedom. You enjoy going on adventures, finding new places, things, and meeting new people. You also do whatever comes naturally to you. A man holding binoculars â€” If you see this first you are an analytical person. You tend to see the bigger picture. Usually, you can learn visually as well as absorb new information rather quickly. You may need to pay attention to details more consciously. The A â€” this is the most difficult to notice. If you noticed it first, then you have an eagle eye. Also, you are capable of noticing details and you are a little bit more emotional than most. A crocodile â€” this means that you are looking at the bigger picture. You may be dismissive by not looking closely at things that do not seem important to you. Probably, you are not a risk taker, and you are very practical. Also, you prefer living on the cautious side instead of making room for new things. A boat â€” seeing this means that you can notice details, and there are just several things that can go unnoticed by your side. Also, you are creative, unique, and quirky. Also, it means that you are using the right side of the brain more, which is the more creative hemisphere. So, you are an artistic person. The woman â€” seeing the woman indicates that you are more analytical and thoughtful than those who saw the old man. And, it means that you are using your left hemisphere more than the right one. Pillars â€” it means you like security and comfort. Breaking out of the bars you have put up around your life is the only way to achieve big things. Get out of your comfort zone and do new stuff. It means as well that you are not enough focused on working, but too focused on dreaming. Men â€” this means you are ready to move on and you are a free person. You have amazing humans and things in your life. Likewise, you are a kind and sensitive person. However, make sure to become more serious when the time is right. Advertisement 6 Which thing did you notice here? A woman â€” this means that you need to be on the defensive most of the time. Also, you may feel drained in both emotional and physical way. The woman is a representation of inner and deep regret. A difficult time in your life may have just finished. A skull â€” seeing this thing first means that you may be in a difficult position where it is hard for you to make decisions. You have very big obstacles and challenges as well. Anyway, keep in mind that you will become a stronger person. Faces â€” it means you think about people a lot of your time. You have an extroverted nature, you adore being with people. And, you are usually influenced by outside stimuli and energy. So, it is very important to be with people who have positive energy, people that will bring the best in you. Candlestick â€” this means you have an introverted nature. You like spending time alone with your thoughts. You find yourself very strong when you are alone. Also, it means you are really connected to your partner. Give it a little time, and everything will be okay.

Chapter 6 : The Science of Optical Illusions

Why Introverts Are Drawn to Writing To be clear, not all writers are introverts. Literary greats such as Ernest Hemingway, Kurt Vonnegut, Anaïs Nin, and Mark Twain are thought to have been extroverts.

A picture emerged this week that appears to show a beautiful scene of a lake, with mountains in the distance. But can you spot what is really going on? What appears to be a the lake is in fact a concrete wall obscuring part of the scenery, with the shrub growing on the other side. One year later, the Adidas jacket did the same, with people saying that they saw numerous colour combinations, including blue and white, green and gold, black and brown, and green and brown. And this week a new colour spectrum illusion emerged to frustrate the nation, proving once again that our perceptions of colour can be very different from each other. When asked to name the colour above, 64 per of respondents said that it was green, with 32 per cent believing it to be blue. Optical Express surveyed the UK public with the seemingly simple task of identifying shades of blue and green, as part of a study into our perception of colour. When asked to name the colour, 64 per of respondents said that it was green, with 32 per cent believing it to be blue. However, when asked to name the same colour adjacent to two distinctly blue images, many changed their minds - with 90 per cent then stating that it was green. The shade is indeed more green than blue. According to the RGB colour spectrum, the values of the colour are 0, and Every single person is unique and as a result, our brains process information differently. Depending on how you interpret colours, one person might see it one way, while the very next person who looks at it might see it differently. Light enters the eye and hits the retina, which is the light sensitive tissue at the back of the eye. The light is converted to an electrical signal which travels along the Optic Nerve to the Visual Cortex in the brain. The brain makes its own unique interpretation of this electrical signal. Assessing colour vision is just one of the myriad of examinations that can be undertaken during a routine sight test. Conditions such as protanomaly, deuteranomaly and tritanomaly can range from inconvenient to quite dangerous - often preventing those inflicted from pursuing certain careers. If you have any concerns about your colour perception, you should seek an appointment with a registered optometrist. The test began by setting out the rules: The test then surprises the quiz taker by throwing out a completely different question: According to the creators of the quiz, 92 per cent of people answer New York under pressure. Riddle number one - how quickly can you answer it? And the fourth riddle reads: Scroll down to read the answers and to see how many you got right. Sometimes the easiest-sounding brain teasers are the most difficult ones. And one of the latest puzzle to sweep the web certainly plays by those rules. At first, the secret object is impossible to find. However, after a more detailed search you can spot a grey iPad lying flat on the back on the seat. Another brainteaser to have swept the web depicts a happy-looking holiday scene. But within the scene, six holiday-themed words have been hidden, and the challenge is to spot them all. However, the other two are slightly more difficult. The version of the picture with rings around the words shows how many you got right - or simply failed to spot. One dad, 43, was so baffled that he turned to social media, appealing for help in solving the question. As the Manchester Evening News reported, he wrote on Facebook: Another puzzle recently swept the internet, with many trying to solve it using advanced mathematics then kicking themselves when they realised the real solution. Antley Lamont Staten posted this brainteaser on Facebook, which has been shared more than , times. The puzzle shows a grid of nine numbers and a sign next to it asking people to share the image when they find the error. Most people will pay more attention to the numbers and not the spelling of the sign. The brainteaser features a solitary gherkin mixed in with beef burgers, fries and other tasty-looking garnishes. The challenge is made even more difficult because of all the other green items featured, including salad leaves, cucumber and avocado slices. While the steak bakes feature diagonal lines, the cheese and onion bake is scored with a V-shaped design. The lone cheese and onion bake is hidden at the bottom right corner of the puzzle. This psychedelic pattern appears to show green, blue and pink swirls - but not all is as it seems. The blue and green spirals are actually exactly the same bright green colour, as shown by a close-up picture. The optical illusion was created by Akiyoshi Kitaoka , a Japanese professor of psychology. Most of us think the spirals are blue and green because of the Munker Illusion. It is not the only optical

illusions that has been taking the internet by storm in recent weeks. The second puzzle shows a list of colours, written in five different colours. The first optical illusion shows 12 coloured squares. Participants are asked how many different colours they can see - excluding white. They are asked to solve the challenge in fewer than seven seconds. Participants are asked how many colours are named, and have to solve the challenge within nine seconds - which is far less straightforward than it seems. Participants are asked how many colours are named, and have to solve the challenge within nine seconds. In the third puzzle, brain teaser boffs are given an image of 25 black squares, with a white space between them - and asked how many colours they can see. In the third puzzle, brain teaser boffs are given an image of 25 black squares, with a white space between them - and asked how many colours they can see. Some challengers may see grey marks at the intersections between the squares. However, the grey is an optical illusion and the only colours there are black and white.

Chapter 7 : These Optical Illusions Can Tell You A Lot About Yourself : theCHIVE

Why Can't Introverts Be Leaders? Are extraverts really better leaders? Can an introvert be a good leader? Posted Oct 27,

The things we see do not exist and the things that exist, we do not see. Our vision is related to the functioning capacity of the brain. Though at an elemental level all brains are structured in the same way, not all minds are the same. They differ sometimes in the form of subtle nuances, and other times the differences are not so subtle. Optical illusions are an interesting branch of psychology and optics that relates the vision with the mind space. Some interesting facts about optical illusions: The contrasting colors or lighting often imparts the illusion of motion. This illusionary motion, in reality, is not valid. Women are better at solving optical illusions related problems than men. In fact, women are better with deciphering the differences between various colors, patterns, and designs. This might be a very good explanation for why women are better shoppers than men. Because men cannot distinguish the differences. Autistic traits of an individual can be determined through optical illusion. The brain identifies a rectangle faster than a circle. As the most of the objects of our environment are rectangular in shape. So, we see elaborate systems of circles, rectangles, etc rather than just groups of messy pixels. Symmetry is an illusion of the brain that it often conjures up. Which direction do you see this image spinning? A free thinker will see the image spinning from left to right, while a traditionalist will notice the movement from right to left. So, what are you a free thinker who lets her imagination run wild or a logical owl who asses logic behind everything? To which Direction are you headed? Concentrate your vision on both the inner and outer circles. What do you see? If you spot movement in the inner circle, then you are an introvert. Movement on the outer circle shows you are an obnoxiously extrovert. Your mind is full of clutters of boxes! Do you see this image moving? Dear fella, please learn to focus your mind on constructive things. This optical illusion tells about your restlessness of the mind. If you see zero movements, then pat yourself on your back. If not, get your meditating mats out faster! You need to focus your mind.

Chapter 8 : The Introvert Advantage: How to Thrive in an Extrovert World - Marti Olsen Laney - Google Bo

Why introverts tend to overthink When information from the external world is received by an extroverts brain it travels via a short pathway that goes through the areas of the brain where touch, taste, sound and sight are processed.

Subscribe Why introverts make great leaders For decades, introverts have been written off as ineffective and incapable business leaders. July 13, A myth has pervaded the business world for far too long: What is an introvert? First categorized by Carl Jung in the s, an introvert is most commonly defined as someone who gets his or her energy from alone time rather than socializing. Unlike their extrovert counterparts who get energy from other people , introverts are typically introspective, quiet but not necessarily shy , and observant. Introverts and extroverts may seem like polar opposites on paper, but there is often overlap and nobody falls purely in either camp The Hustle Of course, introverts define themselves in many different ways: Introverted does not equal antisocial. In studies , extroversion is consistently ranked as the most important trait a leader can have. Hundreds of studies over more than a century have attempted to identify what makes a good leader including one that asked more than k business leaders to rank their top traits. Introverts have emerged as leaders in every arena: In the business world, some of the most successful founders, inventors, investors, and technologists are introverts, including the likes of Bill Gates, Warren Buffett, and Mark Zuckerberg. There are a few problems with that. In the same study, introverted leaders far outperformed expectations. Introverts experience more blood flow to the frontal lobes and thalamus areas of the brain that deal with internal processing and problem solving. This offers them a leg up in working through complex personal situations on small teams. But in reality, most introverts are just methodical thinkers. This way of communicating can actually be beneficial in a leadership capacity. Research has shown that introverts use more concrete, precise language when describing things. They may take longer to contribute, but when they do speak up, they make sure their contributions are well-developed and valuable. In another study, researchers broke students into 56 groups some led by an introvert, and others by an extrovert and had the teams fold as many t-shirts as they could in 10 minutes. But introverts have unique personality traits that can empower them to be exceptional leaders if properly leveraged. For every 1-hour meeting, make sure to plan at least 30 minutes to yourself. Get out of your own head: Write down all your ideas and share them with someone you trust. Optimize for deeper rather than broad relationships: I need to know someone quite well to feel comfortable asking things of them, and ultimately these relationships end up being more rewarding both personally and professionally. Be clear about your thought process: Introverts store thoughts for a long time before speaking; be sure to make your process transparent. As an outsider looking in, you offer a unique viewpoint; turn all your listening and observing into actionable suggestions. It was on that day, in that quiet corner, that I came up with the idea for my company. Your news, our way.

Chapter 9 : Why introverts make great leaders

Seemingly simple optical illusion that will have your brain doing somersaults sweeps the web. introverts are more likely to spot the disguised pictures than extroverts are.

While extroverts may gravitate toward large, colorful tattoos, introverts may find that a small, delicate tattoo can make a quieter statement more reflective of their personality. The word itself means "thou mayest. Music notes Small music note tattoos are easy to conceal especially if placed behind the ear and are a daily reminder that music is, indeed, life. Arm bands Arm band tattoos can be either dainty or bold, depending on a personal preference for line thickness, and can be both fashionable and symbolic. Small dots Dot tattoos look like natural beauty marks. The ellipsis pattern tattoo above could symbolize infinity. The 10 most painful places to get a tattoo 5. Basic wave Get back to the simpler forms of popular tattoos. The outline of a wave is petite, adorable tattoo and maintains your connection to peaceful water. Alchemy symbols Alchemy symbol tattoos are especially great for those who feel a connection to the earthly elements. The triangular shapes are each significant, without being overly showy. Egyptian hieroglyphs Depending on your background, Egyptian hieroglyph tattoos may be personally meaningful. Once used by Ancient Egyptians as their writing system, the symbols can make for small, intricate tattoos. Outline of a country or state An alternative to tattooing a map of the world on your arm is getting the outline of a country or state that holds particular significance to you. Roman numerals give tattoos a clean, organized feel, and they can easily be hidden from sight. Rings From engagement rings to thick jewel replicas, the variations of ring tattoos are almost limitless. They can be diminutive or bold, which makes them perfect for a variety of personalities and meanings. The designs above resemble traditional Indian henna designs, which are usually applied to hands and feet and represent good luck and health. Paper plane A paper plane tattoo is a minimal ink choice for the avid traveler. Heartbeat Also known as a pulse, this tattoo signifies life. The heartbeat tattoo manages to make a huge statement in an understated way. Needle and thread Perfect for fashion lovers and creators, a needle and thread tattoo gets back to the basics with its simple yet elegant design. Constellation Doctor Who fans and astronomy lovers will find beauty in the design of a small constellation tattoo. With lines, dots, and stars, there are infinite design possibilities to be discovered. Cat silhouette While portraits of cats make wonderful tattoos, cat silhouettes show a more refined love for felines. Compact and unembellished, these simple cat tattoos are easier to hide. Outline of a camera Show your love for photography with an unembellished camera tattoo. The simplicity of the design is aesthetically pleasing and artsy. Tiny tree Whether it be a leafless tree in the winter or a blooming springtime sapling, a tiny tree tattoo shows a passion for nature in a unique way. The original "YOLO," it sounds fancier and looks great tattooed. Paw print Show your love for your furry friend by adding a paw print tattoo to your collection. The small design allows it to be placed nearly anywhere, so you might even consider a pair of paws. Basic sun The sun can represent many different things from happiness to creation, but tattooing a giant fireball on your body may seem too extroverted for your taste. Instead, try a simple sun tattoo design. Snowflakes Snowflakes have a subtle beauty in their design that makes them perfect for tattoos. Unique and beautiful, a snowflake tattoo is demure and can have many different and significant meanings. In his work, it symbolized that life goes on. The tattoo itself is an optical illusion: Adults often see a hat, while children and adults with an imagination see a snake which has eaten an elephant. Laurel wreath The two interlocking branches that form a laurel wreath is a symbol of a great achievement and victory. Having a laurel wreath tattoo can act as a positive reminder of all your successes in life. Lotus Flower The lotus flower grows in the bleakest of conditions and its seeds can still germinate hundreds of years after being deprived of water. Having a lotus flower tattoo can help evoke a strong will to persevere and carry on in even the worst of conditions.